## CITY OF COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

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#### DeLOACH, BARBER & CASPERS, P.C.

#### CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor Stancil Handley Members of the City Council City of Columbiana, Alabama

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Columbiana, Alabama, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Columbiana, Alabama's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

The City of Columbiana, Alabama has not presented the Management Discussion and Analysis that governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Columbiana, Alabama, as of September 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on page 50 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Columbiana, Alabama's financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Dedoach, Barber & Caspers, P.C.

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

		Primary (	Gove	ernment			
	-	Governmental		Business-type			Component
		Activities		Activities		Total	Unit
ASSETS	-		•		-		
Current Assets							
	\$	1,874,363	\$	1,184,307	\$	3,058,670	\$ 2,957,521
Accounts receivable - taxes		448,512				448,512	
Accounts receivable - customers, net of allowance		58,280		102,002		160,282	245,045
Accounts receivable - fines, net of allowance		179,466				179,466	
Accounts receivable - grants		201,795				201,795	
Interest receivable		5,533				5,533	344
Interfund receivables		•		152,959		152,959	21,938
***************************************		248				248	69,836
Inventory Prepaid expenses		52,516		2,626		55,142	14,737
Restricted Assets		•		•			
<del></del> -		1,014,452				1,014,452	411,759
Cash		3,293,786				3,293,786	
Investments		3,,					
Non-current Assets		1,586,587				1,586,587	834,419
Land and construction in progress		4,286,044		2,485,948		6,771,992	6,402,512
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		4,200,044		4,.22,		-•	
Other Assets		197,818				197,818	11,800
Bond amortization costs, net of amortization	-	177,010					
Total Assets	_	13,199,400		3,927,842		17,127,242	10,969,911
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities (payable from current assets)				104.670		197,810	90,587
Accounts payable		93,231		104,579		1,472	692
Payroll taxes payable		1,472				1,472	4,628
Utility tax payable		*****		1.049		25,183	7,410
Accrued wages		24,115		1,068		423	7,410
Interest payable		423				174,897	
Interfund payables		17 <b>4,897</b>				1/4,09/	
Current Liabilities (payable from restricted assets)						0	237,695
Meter deposits						0	237,033
Interest payable						U	310
Long-term Liabilities						100 101	
Notes payable - portion due in one year		109,101				109,101	
Notes payable - portion due in more than one year		307,343				307,343	234,984
Warrants and bonds payable - portion due in one year		120,000				120,000	234,964
Warrants and bonds payable - portion due						2 405 000	2,908,946
in more than one year		3,485,000				3,485,000	
Accrued compensated absences	-	21,774		3,216_		24,990	50,795
Total Liabilities		4,337,356		108,863		4,446,219	3,536,253
Net Assets							4 002 001
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt		1,851,186		2,485,948		4,337,134	4,093,001
Restricted for:							
Public Services		4,243,077				4,243,077	
Debt service		380,149				380,149	177 647
Meter deposits						0	173,547
Unrestricted		2,387,632		1,333,031		3,720,663	3,167,110
Total Net Assets	\$	8,862,044	\$	3,818,979	\$	12,681,023	\$ 7,433,658

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Net (Expenses) Revenues	Total	(000 3)	(07,070)	7,342	(58,476)	(6,191)	(254,720)	340,583	(177,100)	(181,400)	(471)	(221,740)	(744,427)	42,156	(22,364)	(459,933)	(1,744,761)	112,152	112,152	(1.632,609)	305,667	305,667
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	Capital Grants and Contributions						3,500	200,169					4,000				207,669			207,669		
60	 	•	<b>~</b>															•		٠,	٠	<b>∻</b> >
Program Revenues	Operating Grants and Contributions	•	30	100			477	009		6,289	24,600	10,400	3,094		16,749		62,339		0	62,339		0
			6														'			 مح	٠	<del>60</del> "
	Fees, Fines, and Charges for Services			12,250	144,237		8,863	528,160		14,848	5,269	4,297		261,976			979,900	599,793	599,793	1,579,693	1,866,638	1,866,638
	ા ા		<b>∽</b>													ı	ı	ı		ll <b>∽</b>	ا 😞	<b>∽</b>
	Expenses		5,050	5,008	202,713	161'6	267,560	388,346	177,100	202,537	30,340	236,437	751,521	219,820	39,113	459,933	2,994,669	487,641	487,641	3,482,310	1,560,971	1,560,971
	ı		∽													,	'	•	•	∽"	هٰ	<b>∽</b>
		Governmental Activities	Beautification	Cemetery	Court	Donations	Fire and rescue	General government	Interest on long-term debt	Library	Liberty day celebration	Park and recreation	Police	Sanitation	Senior Center	Street	Total Governmental Activities	Business -type Activities Sewer	Total Business-type Activities	Total Primary Government	Component Units City of Columbiana Water Board	Total Component Units

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Component Unit	305,667																21,483			21,483	327,150	7,106,508	7,433,658
Total	(1.632,609) \$		1,388,227	334,548	34,844	29,275	35,264	37,647	11,499		34,941	1,499	12,236	17,735	1.613	13,379	154,580	6,662	62,528	2,176,477	551,010	12,130,013	12,681.023
nt Business-type Activities	112,152 \$																3,315			3,315	115,467	3,703,512	3,818,979 \$
Primary Government Governmental Activities	(1,744,761) \$		1,388,227	334,548	34,844	29,275	35,264	37,647	11,499	7,142	34,941	1,499	12,236	17,735	1,613	13,379	151,265	6,662	62,528	2,180,304	435,543	8,426,501	8,862,044 \$
	Net Revenues (Expenses)	General revenues: Taxes:	Sales and use tax	Property taxes	Gasoline taxes	Beer and alcoholic beverage taxes	Tobacco tax	State capital improvement	Motor vehicle taxes	Financial excise tax	Rental and lodging tax	Payment in lieu of taxes	Shares/Privilege tax	State shared taxes	Other taxes	Miscellaneous	Investment income	Gain(loss) on sale of capital assets	Unrealized holding loss on investments	Total general revenues and transfers	Change in net assets	Net assets at beginning of year	Net assets at end of year

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	_	General		Court		Other Governmental Funds	Totals Governmental Funds
ASSETS							
Assets							
Cash	\$	1,874,363	\$		\$		\$ 1,874,363
Accounts receivable - taxes		446,913				1,599	448,512
Accounts receivable - customers		58,106				174	58,280
Accounts receivable - fines				179,466			179,466
Accounts receivable - grants		201,795					201,795
Interest receivable		5,533					5,533
Interfund receivable		10,263					10,263
Inventory		248					248
Prepaid expenses		51,058		643		815	52,516
Restricted Assets							
Cash		283,432		255,712		475,308	1,014,452
Investments		3,293,786					3,293,786
Other Assets							
Bond costs, net of amortization	_	197,818					197,818
Total Assets	\$ _	6,423,315	\$	435,821	\$	477,896	\$ 7,337,032
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	37,372	\$	26,302	\$	2,637	\$ 66,311
Payroli taxes payable	*	1,472	•		•		1,472
Accrued wages		21,976		607		1,532	24,115
Interest payable		423				ŕ	423
Interfund payable		175,836		9,218		105	185,159
Deferred revenue	_	306,335		152,011			458,346
Total Liabilities	_	543,414		188,138		4,274	735,826
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable:							
Money Market		99,737					99,737
Investments		3,293,786					3,293,786
Prepaids		51,058		643		815	52,516
Inventory		248					248
Restricted for:							
Debt Service		380,150					380,150
Public Service		4,929		247,040		472,807	724,776
Unassigned	_	2,049,993				<u> </u>	2,049,993
Total Fund Balances	<del>.</del>	5,879,901		247,683		473,622	6,601,206
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	6,423,315	\$	435,821	\$	477,896	\$ 7,337,032

### RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	6,601,206
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net assets.		5,872,631
Certain assets are deferred in the fund financial statement because they are not available to pay current-period expenditures, but they are reported as assets in the statement of net assets.		458,346
Certain liabilities (such as warrants payable, notes payable, and compensated absences) are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not due and payable, but they are presented as liabilities in the statement of net assets.		(4,070,139)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ =	8,862,044

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

		General		Court	Other Governmental Funds	Totals Governmental Funds
Revenues	-					
Donations	\$	45,467	\$		\$ 1,108	\$ 46,575
Fines and charges		540		164,490	10,198	175,228
Fire department income		8,863				8,863
Grant income		13,984			5,280	19,264
Investment income		149,251		863	1,152	151,266
Licenses, permits, & franchise fees		527,620				527,620
Lot sales and openings/closings					12,250	12,250
Miscellaneous		18,648			4,650	23,298
Park and recreation		4,297				4,297
Sanitation services		261,976				261,976
Tax revenue		1,884,973			55,383	1,940,356
Total Revenues		2,915,619		165,353	90,021	3,170,993
Expenditures						
Beautification		4,566				4,566
Capital expenditures		289,216				289,216
Cemetery					799	799
Court				173,401		173,401
Debt retirement		220,303				220,303
Donations and liberty day		39,531				39,531
Fire and rescue		196,130				196,130
General government		378,865				378,865
Interest on long-term debt		177,100				177,100
Library					200,252	200,252
Park and recreation		116,596				116,596
Police		704,439				704,439
Sanitation		200,995				200,995
Senior Center		39,113				39,113
Street		374,677				374,677
Total Expenditures		2,741,531	-	173,401	201,051	3,115,983
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		174,088		(8,048)	(111,030)	55,010
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		/A //C				62,528
Unrealized/realized gain on investments		62,528				204,169
Capital grants		204,169				6,662
Proceeds from sale of assets		6,662			187,749	945,825
Operating transfers in		758,076		(10.172)	(23,100)	(945,825)
Operating transfers out		(903,553)	-	(19,172)	(23,100)	(943,623)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		127,882	-	(19,172)	164,649	273,359
Net change in fund balances		301,970		(27,220)	53,619	328,369
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		5,577,931	-	274,903	420,003	6,272,837
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	5,879,901	\$	247,683	\$ 473,622	\$ 6,601,206

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 328,369
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial	
statement because they use current financial resources, but they are	
presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The amount by which depreciation	
of \$361,640 exceeds capital outlays of \$289,216.	(72,424)
Revenues that are not available to pay current obligations are not	
reported in this fund financial statement but they are presented as	
revenues in the statement of activities.	(14,139)
Generally expenditures recognized in this fund's financial statements	
are limited to only those that use current financial resources but	
expenses are recognized in statement of activities when they	
are incurred.	(26,566)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental	
funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the	
statement of net assets.	 220,303
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 435,543

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS -PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

		Enterprise Funds
	-	Sewer
	_	Department
ASSETS	_	
Current Assets		
Cash	\$	1,184,307
Accounts receivable - customers, net of allowance		102,002
Interfund receivable		152,959
Prepaid expenses		2,626
Non-current Assets		
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	_	2,485,948
Total Assets	\$	3,927,842
Total Assets	Ψ <u>=</u>	3,727,042
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities (payable from current assets)		
Accounts payable	\$	104,579
Accrued wages		1,068
Long-term Liabilities		
Accrued compensated absences	_	3,216
Total Liabilities		108,863
Total Machines	_	
Net Assets		
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt		2,485,948
Unrestricted		1,333,031
Total Net Assets	\$_	3,818,979

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Sewer Department           Operating Revenues         599,793           Service charges and other revenue         \$ 599,793           Total Revenues         599,793           Administrative Expenses         2,387           Computer expense         2,387           Dues and subscriptions         480           Legal and accounting         3,276           Office expense         812           Payroll processing fee         1,588           Postage         2,152           Rental - copier         1,648           Telephone         2,977           Training & travel         10,29           Total Administrative Expenses         429           Supply and Distribution Expenses         429           Depreciation         166,109           Fees and services         6,740           Gas and oil         6,740           Insurance - employee health         2,703			Enterprise Funds
Operating Revenues         \$ 599,793           Service charges and other revenue         \$ 599,793           Administrative Expenses         2,387           Computer expense         2,387           Dues and subscriptions         480           Legal and accounting         3,276           Office expense         812           Payroll processing fee         1,588           Postage         2,152           Rental - copier         1,648           Telephone         2,977           Training & travel         1,029           Total Administrative Expenses         16,349           Supply and Distribution Expenses         429           Depreciation         166,109           Fees and services         8,193           Gas and oil         6,740           Insurance - employee health         2,702			Sewer
Service charges and other revenue         599,793           Total Revenues         599,793           Administrative Expenses         2,387           Computer expense         2,387           Dues and subscriptions         480           Legal and accounting         3,276           Office expense         812           Payroll processing fee         1,588           Postage         2,152           Rental - copier         1,648           Telephone         2,977           Training & travel         16,349           Supply and Distribution Expenses         429           Depreciation         166,109           Fees and services         8,193           Gas and oil         6,740           Insurance - employee health         9,353			Department
Total Revenues         599,793           Administrative Expenses         2,387           Computer expense         480           Legal and accounting         3,276           Office expense         812           Payroll processing fee         1,588           Postage         2,152           Rental - copier         1,648           Telephone         2,977           Training & travel         1,029           Total Administrative Expenses         16,349           Supply and Distribution Expenses         429           Depreciation         166,109           Fees and services         8,193           Gas and oil         6,740           Insurance - employee health         9,353	Operating Revenues	_	
Administrative Expenses           Computer expense         2,387           Dues and subscriptions         480           Legal and accounting         3,276           Office expense         812           Payroll processing fee         1,588           Postage         2,152           Rental - copier         1,648           Telephone         2,977           Training & travel         1,029           Total Administrative Expenses         16,349           Supply and Distribution Expenses         429           Depreciation         166,109           Fees and services         8,193           Gas and oil         6,740           Insurance - employee health         9,353	Service charges and other revenue	\$	599,793
Computer expense       2,387         Dues and subscriptions       480         Legal and accounting       3,276         Office expense       812         Payroll processing fee       1,588         Postage       2,152         Rental - copier       1,648         Telephone       2,977         Training & travel       1,029         Total Administrative Expenses       16,349         Supply and Distribution Expenses       429         Depreciation       166,109         Fees and services       8,193         Gas and oil       6,740         Insurance - employee health       9,353	Total Revenues		599,793
Computer expense       2,387         Dues and subscriptions       480         Legal and accounting       3,276         Office expense       812         Payroll processing fee       1,588         Postage       2,152         Rental - copier       1,648         Telephone       2,977         Training & travel       1,029         Total Administrative Expenses       16,349         Supply and Distribution Expenses       429         Depreciation       166,109         Fees and services       8,193         Gas and oil       6,740         Insurance - employee health       9,353	Administrative Expenses		
Dues and subscriptions       480         Legal and accounting       3,276         Office expense       812         Payroll processing fee       1,588         Postage       2,152         Rental - copier       1,648         Telephone       2,977         Training & travel       1,029         Total Administrative Expenses       16,349         Supply and Distribution Expenses       429         Depreciation       166,109         Fees and services       8,193         Gas and oil       6,740         Insurance - employee health       9,353			•
Legal and accounting       3,276         Office expense       812         Payroll processing fee       1,588         Postage       2,152         Rental - copier       1,648         Telephone       2,977         Training & travel       1,029         Total Administrative Expenses       16,349         Supply and Distribution Expenses       429         Depreciation       166,109         Fees and services       8,193         Gas and oil       6,740         Insurance - employee health       9,353	•		
Office expense       1,588         Postage       2,152         Rental - copier       1,648         Telephone       2,977         Training & travel       1,029         Total Administrative Expenses       16,349         Supply and Distribution Expenses       429         Bad debt expense       429         Depreciation       166,109         Fees and services       8,193         Gas and oil       6,740         Insurance - employee health       9,353			•
Postage 2,152 Rental - copier 1,648 Telephone 2,977 Training & travel 1,029  Total Administrative Expenses 16,349  Supply and Distribution Expenses Bad debt expense 429 Depreciation 166,109 Fees and services 8,193 Gas and oil 6,740 Insurance - employee health 9,353	Office expense		
Rental - copier Telephone Training & travel  Total Administrative Expenses  Supply and Distribution Expenses Bad debt expense  Bad debt expense Depreciation Fees and services Gas and oil Insurance - employee health  1,648 2,977 1,029 16,349 16,349	Payroll processing fee		•
Telephone 2,977 Training & travel 1,029  Total Administrative Expenses 16,349  Supply and Distribution Expenses Bad debt expense 429 Depreciation 166,109 Fees and services 8,193 Gas and oil 6,740 Insurance - employee health 9,353	Postage		•
Training & travel  Total Administrative Expenses  Supply and Distribution Expenses  Bad debt expense  Depreciation Fees and services Gas and oil Insurance - employee health  1,029  16,349  16,349  429  429  429  5,103  6,740  9,353	Rental - copier		
Total Administrative Expenses  Supply and Distribution Expenses  Bad debt expense Depreciation Fees and services Gas and oil Insurance - employee health  16,349  16,349  429  166,109  6,740  9,353	Telephone		
Supply and Distribution Expenses  Bad debt expense Depreciation Fees and services Gas and oil Insurance - employee health  Supply and Distribution Expenses 429 66,109 66,109 6,740 6,740	Training & travel		1,029
Bad debt expense  Depreciation Fees and services  Gas and oil Insurance - employee health  429 166,109 8,193 6,740	Total Administrative Expenses		16,349
Bad debt expense  Depreciation Fees and services  Gas and oil Insurance - employee health  429 166,109 8,193 6,740	Supply and Distribution Expenses		
Depreciation Fees and services  Gas and oil Insurance - employee health  166,109 8,193 6,740			429
Fees and services  Gas and oil  Insurance - employee health  8,193 6,740 9,353	-		166,109
Gas and oil Insurance - employee health  6,740 9,353	•		
Insurance - employee health 9,353			
7 707			•
Insurance - general	Insurance - general		2,703
Insurance - workmans comp. 1,693			
Miscellaneous 1,334			
Payroll taxes 5,979			5,979

(Continued)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

Supply and Distribution Expenses (Continued)		
Pipes, parts, and supplies		11,262
Repairs and maintenance - building		116
Repairs and maintenance - equipment		6,272
Repairs and maintenance - vehicles		6,042
Repairs and maintenance - system		56,086
Salaries and wages		80,114
State retirement		4,713
Uniforms		1,089
Utilities		80,379
Water testing and analysis		22,686
Water testing and analysis	•	
Total Supply and Distribution Expenses	_	471,292
1 otal cappi, with a series		·
Total Expenditures		487,641
•		112,152
Operating income	•	112,132
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Investment earnings		3,315
Operating transfers in		81,216
Operating transfers out		(81,216)
Operating transfer of the control of		2.215
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		3,315
		115,467
Net change in net assets		•••,
Net assets - beginning of year		3,703,512
Net assets - end of year	\$	3,818,979

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	<u>D</u>	Sewer epartment
Cash Flows From Operating Activities  Receipts from customers and users Payments to employees and related expenses Payments to suppliers Payments to (from) City	\$	597,235 (100,159) (205,234) 60,007
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	351.849
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities Payments for capital acquisitions		(127,061)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(127.061)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities Interest received	_	3,315
Net cash provided by investing activities		3,315
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		228,103
Cash and equivalents, beginning of year (restricted and nonrestricted)		956,204
Cash and equivalents, end of year (restricted and nonrestricted)	\$	1,184,307

(Continued)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Sewer Depart <u>ment</u>
Describing of Organiting Income to Not Cook	<u>Department</u>
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash	
Provided by Operating Activities:	e 112.152
Operating income	\$ <u>112,152</u>
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash	
provided by operating activities:	
Change in allowance for bad debts	429
Depreciation	166,109
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
(Increase) decrease:	
Accounts receivable	(2,558)
Interfund receivable	(15,107)
Prepaid expenses	(2,030)
Increase (decrease):	
Accounts payable	93,596
Accrued wages	(579)
Accrued compensated absences	(163)
Total adjustments	239,697
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$351.849

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **History and Organization**

The City of Columbiana, Alabama (the City) was incorporated on August 10, 1853. The City operates under a Mayor-Council form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), highway and streets, sanitation, park and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, general and administrative, water and sewer services.

#### Financial Reporting Entity

Generally accepted accounting standards (GAAP) require that the entity include the 1) primary government, 2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and 3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The criteria provided in Section 2100 of the GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (Codification) has been considered and any component units are listed below. The City is not a component unit of any other entity. Component units generally are legally separate entities for which a primary government is financially accountable. Financial accountability ordinarily involves meeting the following criteria: 1) the primary government appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the primary government is able to impose its will upon the potential component unit, or there is a possibility that the potential component unit may provide specific financial benefits or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government or 2) the potential component unit is fiscally dependent on the primary government. A potential component unit is considered fiscally dependent if it does not have authority to do all three of the following: 1) determine its own budget without another government having the authority to approve and modify the budget, 2) levy taxes or set rates or charges without approval by another government, and 3) issue bonded debt without approval by another government.

Component units are reported in the City's basic financial statements are shown as follows:

<u>Discretely Presented Component Units</u> City of Columbiana Water Board Brief Description of Activities and Relationship to the City
The Water Board is a public board incorporated under the
laws of Alabama and now existing under the provisions of
the Enabling Law 11-50-230 et. seq. of the Code of
Alabama 1975, as amended. The Board was incorporated
pursuant to the authority granted by the governing body of
the City of Columbiana, Alabama. Under its certificate of
incorporation, the Board has corporate power to acquire
and operate the water system and to issue bonds payable
from the revenues derived there from for any of its
corporate purposes.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

Separate financial statements for the Columbiana Water Board can be obtained at the Water Board's office at 50 Water Works Street, Columbiana, Alabama.

#### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements of the City are composed of the following:

Government-wide financial statements Fund financial statements Notes to the financial statements

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the City) and its component units if applicable. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units (if applicable). Separate statements for each fund category - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary - are presented if applicable. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements of the City are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The City's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements and applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The City's reporting entity does not apply FASB pronouncements or APB opinions issued after November 30, 1989.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting generally including the reclassification or eliminations of internal activity (between or within funds). However, internal eliminations do not include utility services provided to City departments, if applicable. Reimbursements are reported as reductions to expenses. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax revenues are recognized in the year for which they are levied while grants are recognized when grantor eligibility requirements are met.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Major revenue sources susceptible to accrual include: sales and use tax, property taxes, franchise taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and investment income. In general, other revenues are recognized when cash is received.

Operating income reported in proprietary fund financial statements includes revenues and expenses related to the primary, continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

The City does not currently employ an indirect cost allocation system.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Fund Types and Major Funds

#### **Governmental Funds**

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - to account for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. This is the City's primary operating fund.

Court Fund - to account for financial resources of the activities associated with collecting revenues from traffic fines in accordance with the laws of the State of Alabama.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Sewer Department - accounts for the activities of the City's sewer utilities services.

#### **Other Fund Types**

The City reports the following additional fund types:

Special Revenue Funds - to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trust, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The City at September 30, 2012 had no internal service funds or agency funds.

#### Cash and Equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Restricted assets are considered to be cash equivalents.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Cash and Equivalents (Continued)

In its 2000 Regular Session, the Alabama State Legislature enacted the Security for Alabama Funds Enhancement (SAFE) Program (Title 41, Chapter 14A, Code of Alabama 1975, as amended) that changes the way all Alabama public deposits are collateralized. Public deposits include the funds of any covered public entity or covered public official placed in deposit in a qualified depository, including time and demand deposit accounts and certificates of deposit, but excluding bonds, notes, money market mutual funds, repurchase agreements, and similar investment instruments. Covered public entities include the state and its political subdivisions. In the past, the bank pledged collateral directly to each public entity. Under SAFE, which required mandatory participation, each qualified public depository (QPD) is required to hold collateral for all of its public deposits on a pooled basis in a custody account (SAFE Custody Account) established for the State Treasurer as SAFE administrator. In the unlikely even a public entity should suffer a deposit loss due to QPD insolvency or default, a claim form would be filed with the State Treasurer, who would use the SAFE pool collateral or other means to reimburse the loss.

At September 30, 2012 the carrying amount of the City of Columbiana, Alabama's deposits (cash and certificates of deposits) was \$4,073,122 and the bank balance was \$4,212,462. Of the bank balance \$1,104,514 was covered by either federal depository insurance or federal savings and loan insurance. Deposits with Alabama financial institutions that are in excess of FDIC insurance are secured under the Security for Alabama Funds Enhancement Act (SAFE Program). Alabama public funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the Alabama State Treasury. The City had \$3,008,211 of Category 1 deposits covered by the SAFE Program at September 30, 2012 and \$99,737 of Category 3 unsecured and uncollateralized cash, which was deposited into money market accounts.

#### Investments

The City's investments are reported at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. The City is allowed to invest in (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (2) direct obligations of the State of Alabama or its agencies; (3) other obligations, the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Alabama or the United States; (4) certificates of deposits issued by state and national banks domiciled in Alabama that are guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or its successor, or secured by obligations mentioned above. The City's investments consist of certificates of deposits, Federal National Mortgage Association Certificates, Governmental National Mortgage Association Debentures, and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation debentures. These securities are held by Sterne, Agee, and Leach, Inc. as agent for the City.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### <u>Inventory</u>

Inventory consists of primarily supplies valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market value. The consumption method is used to account for inventories. Under the consumption method, inventories are recorded as expenditures on acquisition and significant inventories on hand at year-end are reflected as assets.

#### Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for goods or services that will benefit beyond September 30, 2012 are reported as prepaid items. These prepayments are recognized as expenses ratably over the related underlying period.

#### Restricted Assets

Certain assets of the City have been restricted due to state regulations, debt service obligations, and warrant agreements. These assets consist of cash, investments, and accounts receivable as follows:

General fund - Cash - debt service General fund - Money market - sale of gas department General fund - Investments - sale of gas department Special revenue - Cash - various	\$	183,695 99,737 3,293,786 731,020
Total Restricted Assets	\$_	4,308,238

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Amortization

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$500 and have an estimated useful life in excess of three years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Amortization (Continued)

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets.

Capital assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method in the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation is charged as an expense against operations and accumulated depreciation is reported on the statement of net assets. The range of estimated useful lives used for depreciation purposes for each capital asset class are as follows:

Automotive and automotive equipment	5-7 years
Building and building improvements	29-50 years
Infrastructure	40-60 years
Land improvements	15-20 years
Machinery and equipment	7-10 years
Office furniture and equipment	5-7 years
Park and recreation equipment	5-10 years

#### Compensated Absences

For vacation and other compensated absences with similar characteristics, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16 requires the accrual of a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees if both of the following conditions are met:

- a. The employees' right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered.
- b. It is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

An accrual for earned sick leave should be made only to the extent it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments, rather than be taken as absences due to illness or other contingencies, such as medical appointments and funerals.

Full-time employees are provided vacation (annual) leave as follows:

After one year employment	•	40 hours
After three years employment		80 hours
After seven years employment		120 hours

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Compensated Absences (Continued)

Annual leave must be taken by the anniversary date of employment or forfeited. It cannot be accumulated and an employee cannot be paid for annual leave in lieu of time off. Unused leave is paid upon termination of employment. At September 30, 2012 the City has recorded a liability of \$24,990 for accrued vacation leave.

Sick leave is earned by full time employees beginning on the first day of the month after their employment date at a rate of 8 hours per month. Sick leave can be accumulated up to 720 hours. Upon termination, sick leave is canceled and no compensation is paid. Because employees do not receive compensation for unused sick leave at termination, no liability is recorded on these financial statements.

Compensatory time may be earned by eligible employees at the applicable rate and accumulated up to 40 hours.

#### Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Warrant premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Warrants payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount. Warrant issue costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

#### Net Assets

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the City classified net assets into three components - invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. The classifications are defined as follows:

<u>Invested in capital assets</u>, net of related debt - This component of net assets consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of invested in capital assets, net of related debt. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net assets component as the unspent proceeds.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Fund Balance (Continued)

<u>Restricted net assets</u> - This component of net assets consists of constraints placed on net assets use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted net assets</u> - This component of net assets consist of net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

#### Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

**Nonspendable** - The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes any long-term amount of interfund loans.

**Restricted** - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by laws through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the City can be compelled by an external party, such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary, to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Committed - The committed fund balance classification includes the amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinances or resolution) of the City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classifications may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by City Council, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints are not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classifications are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or not committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by City Council or a City official delegated that authority by City Charter or ordinance.

**Unassigned** - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amount had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classification could be used.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Interfund Transactions**

During the normal operations the City has numerous transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services, construct assets, and service debt. The accompanying financial statements reflect these transactions as transfers.

#### Interfund Balances

During the course of operation, transactions occur which result in amounts owed to a particular fund by another fund, other than for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are due within a year and are classified as "Interfund receivable/Interfund payable".

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

An operating budget is adopted each year for the general fund.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. The Finance Committee submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. The budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- c. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund.
- d. Budgets are adopted on the cash basis of accounting.
- e. Excess appropriations at the end of the fiscal year lapse.

Budgeted amounts reported in the financial statements are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Council. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations that were approved. Budgets are not prepared or adopted in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgeted expenditures/expenses include encumbrances.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting - under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation - is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on October 1 and are due and payable at that time. All unpaid taxes levied October 1 become delinquent January 1, of the year. Delinquent taxes are considered fully collectible and therefore no allowance for uncollectable taxes is provided.

In accordance with current professional standards as promulgated by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB-33), the City reports property taxes when an enforceable claim has arisen or when resources are received, whichever is first. Consequently, property taxes in the amount of \$306,335 received after September 30, 2012 has been recorded as deferred revenue in the fund financial statements.

### Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets

"Total fund balances" of the City's governmental funds of \$6,601,206 differs from "net assets" of governmental activities of \$8,862,044 reported in the statement of net assets. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the statement of net assets versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheets. The following illustrates the differences:

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets (Continued)

<u>Capital Related Items</u> - When capital assets (property, plant, equipment, etc.) that are used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the cost of those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of net assets includes those capital assets as assets of the City as a whole.

\$<u>5,872,631</u>

<u>Long-term liabilities</u> - Long-term liabilities, including warrants payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

Notes payable	\$	416,444
Warrants payable Long-term portion of fines payable to other agencies Accrued compensated absences		3,605,000
		26,921
	_	21,774
Accrued compensated absences		

Total \$\_4,070,139

Other long-term receivables - Certain receivables are not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

Property tax receivable
Court fines

\$ 306,335

152,011

Total \$\_\_458,346

Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The "net change in fund balances" for governmental funds of \$328,369 differs from the "change in net assets" for governmental activities of \$435,543 reported in the statement of activities. The differences primarily arise from the long-term economic focus of the statement of activities versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds. The following illustrates the difference:

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances the Government-wide Statement of Activities (Continued)

<u>Capital Related Items</u> - When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. As a result, fund balances decreases by the amount of financial resources expended, whereas net assets decrease by the amount of depreciation expense charged for the year.

Capital outlay \$ 289,216
Depreciation expense \$ (361,640)

(72,4<u>24</u>)

<u>Long-term Debt Transactions</u> - Repayment of long-term debt, including notes payable and warrants payable, consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. For the City as a whole, however, the principal payments reduce the liabilities in the statement of net assets and do not result in an expense in the statement of activities.

Principal payments on notes payable \$ 105,303
Principal payments on warrants payable \$ 115,000

Total \$\_\_\_220,303

Other Items - Certain income that is not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore is not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.

Property tax not meeting available criteria

\$ 6,114

Court fines not meeting available criteria

(20,253)

Total \$\_\_\_(14,139)

Other Items - Expenditures that are not considered current period expenditures and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:

Accounts payable - court fines \$ (26,920)
Change in accrued compensated absences 354

Total \$ (26,566)

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

#### **GASB Statement No. 61:**

In November 2010, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity. This Statement, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2012, modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity. For organizations that previously were required to be included as a component unit by meeting the fiscal dependency criterion, a financial benefit or burden relationship also would need be present between the primary government and the organization for it to be included in the reporting entity as a component unit. The City is currently evaluating the financial impact of adopting this Statement.

#### GASB Statement No. 63:

In June 2011, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position. This Statement, effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2011, provides financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Concepts Statement No.4, Elements of Financial Statements, introduced and defined those elements as a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, and an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, respectively. Previous financial reporting standards do not include guidance for reporting those financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities. Concepts Statement 4 also identifies net position as the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of financial position. This Statement amends the net asset reporting requirements in Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments, and other pronouncements by incorporating deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources into the definitions of the required components of the residual measure and by renaming that measure as net position, rather than net assets. The City is currently evaluating the financial impact of adopting this Statement.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Recent Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

#### GASB Statement No. 65:

In March 2012, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. This Statement, effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2012, reclassifies certain items currently being reported as assets and liabilities as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, as well as recognizes certain items currently being reported as assets and liabilities as outflows of resources and inflows of resources. This Statement also provides financial reporting guidance related to the impact of the financial statement elements deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, such as changes in the determination of the major fund calculations and limiting the use of the term deferred in financial statement presentation. The City is currently evaluating the financial statement impact of adopting this Statement.

#### GASB Statement No. 68:

In June 2012, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This Statement, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2014 requires governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their long-term obligation for pension benefits as a liability for the first time, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. The Statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised and new note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI). The City is currently evaluating the financial statement impact of adopting this Statement.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

#### NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

As of September 30, 2012 the City had the following cash and investments:

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents Certificates of deposit			\$ 3,523,113 550,009
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents			\$ 4,073,122
<u>Investments</u>		Standard & Poor's Bond Rating	Fair Market Value
U.S. Government Agencies:			
Federal National Mortgage Association Government National Mortgage Association Federal Home Loan Mortgage Company Federal National Mortgage Association	Matures 12/01/2025 Matures 10/20/2039 Matures 06/20/2041 Matures 09/20/2042 Matures 09/20/2040 Matures 08/20/2039 Matures 12/20/2040 Matures 10/20/2032 Matures 11/15/2033 Matures 03/25/2033	AA+ AA+ AA+ AA+ AA+ AA+ AA+ AA+	\$ 70,763 153,218 122,214 908,973 164,127 60,341 153,303 573,805 143,818 738,440
Long-Term Certificate of Deposits:			
GE Capital Retail Bank GE Capital Retail Bank	Matures 05/18/2022 Matures 05/25/2022	FDIC FDIC	102,390 102,394
Total Investments			\$ <u>3,293,786</u>

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

#### NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### Credit Risk

The City's investment policy allows investment in (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (2) direct obligations of the State of Alabama or its agencies; (3) other obligations, the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Alabama or the United States; (4) certificates of deposits issued by state and national banks domiciled in Alabama that are guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or its successor, or secured by obligations mentioned above. The City's investments consist of certificates of deposits and Federal National Mortgage Association Certificates and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation debentures. Investments in U.S. government securities must be rated by Standard and Poor's or Moody's Investment Services as one of their four highest rated categories.

#### Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

#### Concentration Credit Risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits the amount invested into certain types of investments as a means of managing its exposure to losses arising from over concentration in certain types of investments.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. In regards to investments, the City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of September 30, 2012, the City had \$99,737 in cash and cash equivalents, which was held in money market accounts and \$3,293,786 held in investments exposed to custodial credit risk as Category 3 unsecured and uncollateralized deposits.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

#### NOTE 3: ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The following details the descriptions and amounts of various accounts receivable for the City on the statement of net assets:

#### Governmental Activities:

Governmental Medivities.	Less Allowance for Doubtful Amount Accounts Total		
Accounts receivable - taxes Accounts receivable - sanitation services Accounts receivable - court fines Accounts receivable - grants	\$ 448,512 \$ \$ 448,512 68,513 (10,233) 58,280 264,466 (85,000) 179,466 201,795 201,795		
Total Accounts Receivable	\$ <u>983,286</u> \$ <u>(95,233)</u> \$ <u>888,053</u>		
Business-Type Activities:	Sewer		
Accounts receivable - customer Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 115,798 (13,796)		
Accounts receivable - customers net of allowance	\$ <u>102,002</u>		

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets follows:

Governmental Activities	 Balance 10/01/11	Additions	Deletions	Balance 9/30/12
Capital assets, not being depreciated:  Land  Construction in progress	\$ 1,148,374 \$ 175,510	262,703	\$ 	1,148,374 438,213
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,323,884	262,703	0	1,586,587
Capital assets, being depreciated				1 5/7 215
Autos and trucks	1,567,315			1,567,315
Automotive equipment	141,147	3,500		144,647
Buildings and building improvements	1,490,370		44.400	1,490,370
Computer equipment	166,077	2,678	(4,488)	164,267
Infrastructure	3,197,102			3,197,102
Land improvements	7,440			7,440
Machinery and equipment	1,024,088	17,861	(38,542)	1,003,407
Office furniture and equipment	151,508	2,474		153,982
Park improvements	1,649,499			1,649,499
Park and recreation equipment	131,432			131,432
Total capital assets being depreciated	9,525,978	26,513	(43,030)	9,509,461
Less accumulated depreciation for:				1 205 004
Autos and trucks	1,327,052	58,042		1,385,094
Automotive equipment	96,400	15,899		112,299
Buildings and building improvements	777,864	36,813		814,677
Computer equipment	125,517	10,490	(4,488)	131,519
Infrastructure	505,242	79,928		585,170
Land improvements	6,200	496		6,696
Machinery and equipment	893,721	48,697	(38,543)	903,875
Office furniture and equipment	146,411	2,135		148,546
Park improvements	928,599	99,995		1,028,594
Park and recreation equipment	97,802	9,145		106,947
Total accumulated depreciation	4,904,808	361,640	(43,031)	5,223,417

(Continued)

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

### NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Governmental Activities (Continued)	Balance 10/01/11	Additions	Deletions	Balance 9/30/12
Total capital assets, being depreciated net	4,621,170	(335,127)	1	4,286,044
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ <u>5,945,054</u> \$	<u>(72,424</u> )\$	1 \$	5,872,631

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

Describing	\$	484
Beautification		4,209
Cemetery		3,106
Court		71,430
Fire and rescue		10,955
General government		•
Library		2,599
Park and recreation		119,841
Police department		44,712
Sanitation		19,036
		<u>85,268</u>
Street	_	
	\$	361,640

(Continued)

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Business-Type Activities	Balance 10/01/11	Additions	Deletions	Balance 9/30/12
Sewer Department				
Capital assets, being depreciated Autos and trucks Machinery and equipment Office furniture and equipment Sewer system and lines	46,909 165,776 11,561 4,942,178	2,477 4,193 1,397 118,994	(9,486)	49,386 169,969 3,472 5,061,172
Total capital assets being depreciated	5,166,424	127,061	(9,486)	5,283,999
Less accumulated depreciation for: Autos and trucks Machinery and equipment Office furniture and equipment Sewer system and lines	23,152 140,859 11,389 2,466,028	4,692 5,523 210 155,684	(9,486)	27,844 146,382 2,113 2,621,712
Total accumulated depreciation	2,641,428	166,109	(9,486)	2,798,051
Total capital assets, being depreciated net	2,524,996	(39,048)	0	2,485,948
Business-Type activities capital assets, net	\$_2,524,996 \$	(39,048)\$	0 \$	2,485,948

### NOTE 5: BOND ISSUANCE COSTS

During the year ended September 30, 2002, bond issuance costs in the amount of \$185,825 were incurred by the City. The bond issuance cost is amortized using the straight line method over a 30 year period. Amortization expense for the year ended September 30, 2012 was \$6,195.

During the year ended September 30, 2007, bond issuance costs in the amount of \$99,183 were incurred by the City. The bond issuance cost is amortized using the straight line method over a 25 year period. Amortization expense for the year ended September 30, 2012 was \$3,967.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

# NOTE 6: LONG-TERM NOTES PAYABLE

Due Within One Year	\$ 109,101				
Balance 9/30/12	\$ 416,444	(109,101)	\$ 307,343	Totals \$ 121,020 121,020 121,020 79,167	\$ 442,227
Reductions	\$ (105,303)			Interest \$ 11,919 8,320 4,602	\$ 25,783
Additions	\$	Less: current maturities		Principal \$ 109,101 112,700 116,418 78,225	\$ 416,444
Balance 10/01/11	\$ 521,747	Less:			
	Note payable to M & F Bank principal sum of \$697,274 with a 3.25% interest rate. The note is payable in 77 installments of \$10,045.00, with the final installment due May 2016. The note is secured by full faith and credit of the City.			Maturities of notes payable are as follows: Year Ended September 30, 2013 2014 2015 2016	

### (Continued)

# CITY OF COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

# NOTE 7: GENERAL OBLIGATION WARRANTS

. l	00	8	8		
Due Within One Year	15,000	105,000	120,000		
1	<del>€</del>	·	<del>€</del>	_	
Balance 9/30/12	(15,000) \$ 3,160,000	445,000	3,605,000	(120,000)	\$ 3,485,000
	<del>∨</del>	ı		•	₩.
Reductions	(15,000)	(100,000)	\$ (115,000)		
8	<b>∽</b>	I	<del>د</del>		
Additions	<del>4</del>		\$	Less: current maturities	
Balance 10/01/11	\$ 3,175,000	545,000	\$ 3,720,000	Less: cu	
	General Obligation Warrants, Series 2007, payable annually on February 1, with interest payments on February 1, and August 1, maturing on February 1, 2032. The bond is secured by the full faith and credit of the City.	General Obligation Warrants, Series 2002, payable annually on February 1, with interest payments on February 1, and August 1, maturing on February 1, 2016. The bond is secured by the full faith and credit of the City.			

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS **SEPTEMBER 30, 2012**

# NOTE 7: GENERAL OBLIGATION WARRANTS (Continued)

Maturities of general obligation warrants payable are as follows:

Septe

### 2007 General Obligation Bonds

On March 1, 2007, the City issued \$4,185,000 in General Obligation Bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.700% to 4.125% to advance refund \$2,980,000 of outstanding 2002 Series bonds. The advance refunding resulted in a reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deduction from bonds payable, is being charged to operations in interest expense for the period. As a result of the current refunding, the Board decreased its total debt service requirements in relation to the Series 2002 Bonds in the amount of \$666,068 which results in an economic gain of difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$149,156. The difference, through the year 2012 using the straight-line method. Amortization of \$12,430 was recognized in 2012 and is reported \$356,120 (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt).

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

### NOTE 8: PENSION PLAN

The City contributes to the Employees' Retirement System of Alabama, an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system, that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for the various state agencies and departments.

Substantially all employees are members of the Employees' Retirement System of Alabama. Membership is mandatory for covered or eligible employees of the City. Benefits vest after 10 years of creditable service. Vested employees may retire with full benefits at age 60 or after 25 years of service. Retirement benefits are calculated by two methods with the retiree receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. The methods are (1) Minimum Guaranteed, and (2) Formula, of which the Formula method usually produces the highest monthly benefit. Under this method retirees are allowed 2.0125% of their annual salary (best three of the last ten years) for each year of service. Disability retirement benefits are calculated in the same manner. Pre-retirement death benefits in the amount of the annual salary for the fiscal year preceding death is provided to plan members.

The Employees' Retirement System was established as of October 1, 1945, under the provisions of Act 515, Acts of Alabama, 1945, for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other specified benefits for State employees, State police, and on an elective basis to all cities, counties, City's, and quasipublic organizations. The responsibility for general administrative and operation of the Employees' Retirement System is vested in the Board of Control. Benefit provisions are established by the Code of Alabama 1975, Sections 36-27-1 through 36-27-103, as amended, Sections 36-27-120 through 36-27-139, as amended, and Sections 36-27B-1 through 36-27B-6. Authority to amend the plan rests with the Legislature of Alabama. However, the Legislature has granted the Commission authority to accept or reject various Cost-of-Living-Adjustments (COLAs) granted to retirees.

The Retirement Systems of Alabama issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Employees' Retirement System of Alabama. That report may be obtained by writing to The Retirement Systems of Alabama, 201 South Union Street, Montgomery, Alabama 36130-2150.

Information concerning covered salaries, actuarially determined contribution requirements and amounts contributed are as follows:

Salaries Covered salaries - 5% Employees Covered salaries - 6% Employees	\$ 572,720 348,101
Total Covered Salaries	\$ <u>920,821</u>
Total Salaries	\$ 1,257,041 (Continued)

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

### NOTE 8: PENSION PLAN (Continued)

### Contributions

City - 5% Employees	\$	34,249
City - 6% Employees		20,816
Total City Contributions	\$	55,065
Employees - 5% Employees	\$	28,636
Employees - 6% Employees		20,886
Total Employee Contributions	\$	49,522
Actuarially Determined Contribution Rates		
City - 5% Employees	<del></del>	5.98 %
City - 6% Employees		5.98 %
Employees - 5% Employees		5.00 %
Employees - 6% Employees		6.00 %
Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Salaries		
City - 5% Employees	<del></del>	<u>5.98</u> %
City - 6% Employees		<u>5.98</u> %
Employees - 5% Employees	_	5.00 %
Employees - 6% Employees	<del>,,</del>	6.00 %

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

### NOTE 8: PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The pension benefit obligation is the actuarial present value of credited projected benefits, a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits, adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases, estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date. At September 30, 2011, the pension benefit obligation and net assets available for benefit are as follows:

Pension benefit obligation	\$ 2,905,309
Net assets available for benefits	2,267,772
Net Pension Benefit Obligation	\$ 637,537

Market Value of Assets as of September 30, 2011 was \$1,936,397.

### Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	_	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability		Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	_	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
9/30/09 9/30/10 9/30/11	\$ \$ \$	2,372,660 2,341,529 2,267,772	\$ 2,677,533 2,833,770 2,905,309	\$ \$ \$	(304,873) (492,241) (637,537)	\$	922,911	31.6% 53.3% 69.6%

### Actuarial Information

Valuation date Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method	9/30/2011 Entry age Level percent open 30 years 5-year smoothed market				
Actuarial assumptions: Investment rate of return Projected salary increases Includes inflation at Cost-of-living adjustments	8.00% 3.75 - 7.25% 3.00% None				

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

### NOTE 8: PENSION PLAN (Continued)

### **Trend Information**

Fiscal Year Ending	F	Annual Pension st (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation (NPO)		
9/30/09	\$	67,217	100%	\$	0	
9/30/10	\$	47,451	100%	\$	0	
9/30/11	\$	4 <b>8</b> ,256	100%	\$	0	

### **NOTE 9: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

### Risk Financing

The City of Columbiana, Alabama is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. These risks have been covered by commercial insurance coverage for the past three years. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior fiscal year.

### Federal Grants

In the normal course of operations, the City receives funds from various federal and state agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

### NOTE 10: SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION

The state of the s								
Cash and Equivalents								
Current Assets - cash - Sewer Department	\$ <u>1,184,307</u>							
Total Cash and Equivalents Per Combined Statement of Cash Flows	\$ <u>1,184,307</u>							
Interest Paid								
Total interest paid on debt	\$0							
Total interest expensed	\$0							
Total interest capitalized	\$0							
NOTE 11: LIBRARY STATE AID								
During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, the City received grants from the State Public Library System which are reported as follows:								
Receipts:								
Reported in grant program revenues	\$ 3,580							
Expenditures:								
Reported in Library expenditures books, magazines, audio tapes	3,580							
Net activity	\$0							

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

# NOTE 12: SCHEDULE OF INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

The following is a schedule of receivables/payables between the various individual funds during the year ended September 30, 2012:

Due to Fund	Due from Fund	Purpose	Amount
General Fund	Debt Service Fund	The General Fund paid expenses on behalf of Debt Service fund.	\$ 940
Sewer Department	General Fund	The amount due from General Fund to the Sewer Department is for the 1% sales tax collections.	152,959
Water Board - Component Unit	General Fund	The utility account was previously used for all collections. The balance due to Water Board is from previous years under allocation.	21,938
General Fund	Cemetery	The Cemetery Fund owes General Fund for expenses paid on its behalf.	105
General Fund	Court	The General Fund paid expenses on behalf of the Court Fund.	9.218
Total Interfund Receivables/Payables	es/Payables		\$ 185,160

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

# NOTE 13: SCHEDULE OF TRANSFERS

The following is a schedule of transfers between the various individual funds during the year ended September 30, 2012:

Amount	389,965	244,624	19,172	23,100	81,216	187,748	\$ 945,825
The General Fund makes monthly transfers to	required debt payments.	The General Fund made various transfers to the Capital Project Fund for its portion of capital expenditures.	The Court Fund made various transfers to the Capital Project Fund for its portion of capital expenditures.	The Cemetery Fund made various transfer to the Capital Project Fund for its portion of capital expenditures.	The Sewer Fund made various transfers to the Capital Project Fund for its portion of capital expenditures.	The General Fund makes transfers as needed to the Library Board to cover operational costs.	
Transfer to Fund Debt Service - General Fund		Capital Projects - General Fund	Capital Projects - General Fund	Capital Projects - General Fund	Capital Projects - General Fund	Library Board	
Transfer From Fund General Fund		General	Court Fund	Cemetery	Sewer Fund	General Fund	Total Transfers

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

### NOTE 14: SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

### Main Street Sidewalk and Lighting Project

The City contracted with Triple J. Construction, LLC for construction of the main street sidewalk and lighting project. The contract amount was for \$193,932. As of September 30, 2012 the City had incurred costs of \$178,136, leaving a remaining commitment of \$15,796.

The City contracted with Gresham Smith and Partners to provide engineering services in relation to the main street sidewalk and lighting project. The amended contract amount was for \$71,812. As of September 30, 2012 the City had incurred costs of \$67,009, leaving a remaining commitment of \$4,803.

The City contracted with Gresham Smith and Partners to provide engineering services in relation to the Pitts Drive and Washington Street Sidewalk Project. The contract amount was for \$13,775. As of September 30, 2012 the City had incurred costs of \$9,816, leaving a remaining commitment of \$3,959.

The City contracted with Lathan & Associates Architect, P.C. to provide architectural services in relation to renovations to the Senior Center Activities Center. The contract amount was for \$27,000. As of September 30, 2012 the City had incurred costs of \$-0- leaving a remaining commitment of \$27,000.

The City applied for and accepted an Alabama Department of Economic and Community Affairs (ADECA) grant in the amount of \$250,000. In addition, the City had local grants and contributions to meet matching requirements of \$433,000.

### NOTE 15: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through July 26, 2013, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, for events requiring recording or disclosure in financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2012. No items requiring recording or disclosure were noted.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

### NOTE 16: SENIOR CENTER OPERATIONS:

The City entered into a cooperative working relationship with the Alabama Middle Area Agency on Aging (M4A) to enhance the provision of nutrition and other services to eligible seniors in the City of Columbiana. Services are provided at no cost to the participants; however, donations are accepted. The following schedule summarizes the sources of funds and expenses of the Senior Center operations for the year ended September 30, 2012.

Sources of Funds Salary reimbursements from M4A Donations from participants Total funds available	\$  9,397 5.382 14,779
Expenditures  Wages and salaries Payroll taxes and employee benefits Operational grant expenditures Janitorial, supplies, and repairs Office expenses Utilities Miscellaneous Insurance Donations transmitted to M4A	\$  18,821 2,563 863 2,465 227 4,827 4,275 186 4,886
Total expenditures	\$ 39,113



### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MAJOR FUNDS: GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER	30, 2012
------------------------------	----------

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual			ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
_			_				d		14,862
Revenues	\$	30,800	\$	30,605	\$	45,467	\$		(410)
Donations Fines and charges		950		950		540			(772)
		1,920		9,635		8,863			21
Fire department income Grant income		15,397		30,419		30,440			22,746
Investment income		147,700		124,700		147,446			220
Licenses and permits		554,400		527,400		527,620			10,286
		10,300		8,362		18,648			(19,203)
Miscellaneous Park and recreation fees		23,500		23,500		4,297			
		255,000		255,000		260,974			5,974
Sanitation services		1,798,250		1,818,952		1,879,121		_	60,169
Tax revenue		2,838,217		2,829,523		2,923,416		_	93,893
Total Revenues									
Expenditures						4,566			(2,066)
Beautification		2,500		2,500		285,846			72,652
Capital expenditures		355,000		358,498		220,303			15,237
Debt retirement		235,540		235,540		A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR			(8,031)
Donations and liberty day		31,500		31,500		39,531			30,322
Fire and rescue		217,396		225,039		194,717			28,029
General government		441,634		404,481		376,452			(15,237)
Interest on long-term debt		149,480		149,480		164,717			(3,914)
Park and recreation and senior center		140,006		151,488		155,402			36,734
Police		725,940		743,112		706,378			26,991
Sanitation		226,245		228,606		201,615			62,795
Street		431,891		438,647		375,852		-	02,770
Total Expenditures		2,957,132		2,968,891		2,725,379			243,512
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(118,915)		(139,368)		198,037			337,405
Excess of Revenues Over (onder)									
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				(((2		6,662			0
Proceeds from sale of assets		1,000		6,662		4,000			4,000
Capital grants				247 272		758,076			490,804
Operating transfers in		267,272		267,272		(827,357)			(827,357)
Operating transfers out			_			(627,337)			(32.)
2014-2010-1-1-100				273,934		(58,619)	,		(332,553)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		268,272	-	2/3,934		(30,017)			
Excess of Revenue and Other Sources				124 566		139,418		\$	4,852
over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	149,357	= \$	134,566	=	139,410		Ψ	
Fund balance, beginning (Non-GAAP bu	dgetary	basis)				5,577,931	_		
						5,717,349			
Fund balance, ending (Non-GAAP budge						3,717,313			
Adjustments to Generally Accepted Accounting	Princip	les				62,528			
Unrealized gain on investments						192,372			
Revenue and transfer accruals						(92,348			
Expenditure and transfer accruals						(92,340	)		
Expenditure and transfer					ď	5 970 001			
Fund balance, ending (GAAP basis)					\$	5,879,901	=		

NOTE: The City is not legally required to adopt a budget for the Court or Sewer Funds.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	_	Four Cent Gas Tax		Motor Fuel Tax		7 Cents Gas Tax
ASSETS						
Assets Accounts receivable - taxes Accounts receivable - customers Prepaid expense	\$	701	\$	125	\$	773
Restricted Assets Cash	_	7,104		1,321		41,522
Total Assets	\$ _	7,805	\$	1,446	\$	42,295
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES  Liabilities  Accounts payable  Accrued wages Interfund payable	\$		\$		\$	
Total Liabilities		0		0		0
Fund Balances  Nonspendable:  Prepaids  Restricted for public services		7,805	-	1,446	•	42,295
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	7,805	\$	1,446	\$	42,295

### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	State Capital Improvements	-	Library	-	Cemetery	-	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$		\$		\$		\$	1,599
Ф		•	174				174
			815				815
	177,912		59,805		187,644		475,308
\$	177,912	\$	60,794	\$	187,644	\$	477,896
\$		\$	2,637 1,532	\$	105	\$	2,637 1,532 105
	0		4,169		105		4,274
	177,912		815 55,810		187,539		815 472,807
\$	177,912	\$	60,794	. \$	187,644	\$	477,896

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	Four Cent Gas Tax	Motor Fuel Tax		7 Cents Gas Tax
Revenues				
Donations	\$	\$	\$	
Fines and charges				
Grant income				
Investment income				
Lot sales and openings/closings				
Miscellaneous				0.546
Shared taxes	7,773	1,417	,	8,546
Total Revenue	7,773	1,417		8,546
Expenditures				
Cemetery				
Library				
Street				
Total Expenditures	0	0		0
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating transfers in				
Operating transfers out				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0		0
Net change in fund balances	7,773	1,417		8,546
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	32	29		33,749
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 7,805	\$ 1,446	\$	42,295

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

	State Capital Improvements		Library		Cemetery		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$		\$	1,008	\$	100	\$	1,108
Ф		Ψ	10,198	Ψ.	100	*	10,198
			5,280				5,280
	473		78		601		1,152
	173				12,250		12,250
			4,650				4,650
	37,647		•				55,383
	38,120		21,214		12,951		90,021
					799		799
			200,252		,,,,		200,252
							0
	0		200,252		799		201,051
			187,749				187,749
					(23,100)		(23,100)
	0		187,749		(23,100)		164,649
	38,120		8,711		(10,948)		53,619
	139,792		47,914		198,487		420,003
\$	177,912	\$	56,625	\$	187,539	\$	473,622