BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

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#### DeLOACH, BARBER & CASPERS, P.C.

#### **CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS**

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Stancil Handley, Mayor Members of the City Council City of Columbiana, Alabama

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Columbiana, Alabama, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Columbiana, Alabama, as of September 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary information on page 54 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the Management Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America required to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Columbiana, Alabama's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements (pages 56-59) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the basic audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Dedoach, Barber & Caspers, P. C.

February 11, 2015

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

	Primary	Gov	ernment			
	Governmental		Business-type			Component
	Activities		Activities		Total	Unit
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash and certificate of deposits	\$ 1,768,583	\$	1,521,423	\$	3,290,006	\$ 3,239,360
Accounts receivable - taxes	441,448				441,448	
Accounts receivable - customers, net of allowance	58,091		92,388		150,479	247,299
Accounts receivable - fines, net of allowance	176,531				176,531	
Accounts receivable - grants	172,973				172,973	
Interest receivable	4,935				4,935	273
Interfund receivables			124,685		124,685	21,976
Inventory	248		11,074		11,322	57,006
Prepaid expenses	63,838		3,086		66,924	19,584
Restricted Assets						
Cash	997,707				997,707	293,884
Investments	3,035,995				3,035,995	
Non-current Assets						
Land and construction in progress	1,686,173				1,686,173	766,043
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	4,373,948		2,296,284		6,670,232	6,450,822
Other capital assets, her of accumulated appreciation				-		
Total Assets	12,780,470		4,048,940		16,829,410	11,096,247
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities (payable from current assets)						
Accounts payable	139,708		7,334		147,042	54,541
Payroll taxes payable	1,398				1,398	502
Utility tax payable					0	4,857
Accrued wages	36,182		2,712		38,894	10,580
Interest payable	124				124	420
Interfund payables	146,661				146,661	
Current Liabilities (payable from restricted assets)						
Meter deposits					0	252,389
Long-term Liabilities						
Notes payable - portion due in one year	115,888				115,888	
Notes payable - portion due in more than one year	80,065				80,065	
Warrants and bonds payable - portion due in one year	130,000				130,000	253,408
Warrants and bonds payable - portion due						
in more than one year	3,230,000				3,230,000	2,411,515
Accounts payable - state/county portion of court fines	44,133				44,133	
Accrued compensated absences	18,768		4,234		23,002	32,314
Total Liabilities	3,942,927		14,280		3,957,207	3,020,526
<u>Net Position</u> Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	2,504,168		2,296,284		4,800,452	4,551,942
Restricted for:	2,000,100		_,,			
Capital Projects	12,664				12,664	
Debt service	171,928				171,928	
Meter deposits	,				0	40,476
Public Services	3,865,229				3,865,229	
Unrestricted	2,283,554	-	1,738,376		4,021,930	3,483,303
Total Net Position	\$ 8,837,543	\$	4,034,660	\$	12,872,203	\$ 8,075,721

					Program Revenues	venues		Net (Expenses) Revenues	
		Expenses	Fees, Fines, and Charges for Services	and rvices	Operating Grants and Contributions	unts ions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Total	
Governmental Activities	ł		0						
Beautification	\$	4,753 \$	s	\$		130 \$		\$ (4,623)	
Cemetery		15,849	T	13,500		100		(2,249)	
Court		190,964	15'	157,977				(32,987)	
Donations		69,852						(69,852)	
Fire and rescue		236,307			2	7,411		(228,896)	
General government		440,692	55.	557,404	33	33,052	11,281	161,045	
Interest on long-term debt		147,483						(147,483)	
Library		221,800		7,801	61	19,723		(194,276)	
Liberty day celebration		30,836			29	29,790		(1,046)	
Park and recreation		223,113	,	4,400	12	12,150		(206,563)	
Police		886,195						(886,195)	
Sanitation		247,993	26	263,139				15,146	
Senior Center		42,684			15	15,704	17,500	(0,480)	
Street	I	424,310					167,111	(257,199)	
Total Governmental Activities	I	3,182,831	1,00	1,004,221	118	118,060	195,892	(1,864,658)	
<u>Business -type Activities</u> Sewer	I	501,235	619	619,993				118,758	
Total Business-type Activities	I	501,235	619	619,993		0	0	118,758	
Total Primary Government	» ج	3,684,066	\$ 1,62	1,624,214 \$	118	118,060 \$	195,892	\$ (1,745,900)	
<u>Component Units</u> City of Columbiana Water Board	ا ج	1,565,809 \$	\$ 1,920	1,926,659 \$		~		\$ 360,850	
Total Component Units	ا جو	1,565,809	\$ 1,92	1,926,659 \$		0	0	\$ 360,850	

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

(Continued)

- 5 -

	Pri	Primary Government	t			
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	Component Unit
Net Revenues (Expenses)	\$ (1,864,658)	<u>658)</u> \$	118,758	<del>∽</del>	(1,745,900) \$	360,850
General revenues:						
Taxes:						
Sales and use tax	1,329,116	116			1,329,116	
Property taxes	328,836	836			328,836	
Gasoline taxes	31,	31,385			31,385	
Beer and alcoholic beverage taxes	29,	29,975			29,975	
Tobacco tax	33,	33,057			33,057	
State capital improvement	38,	38,038			38,038	
Motor vehicle taxes	10,	10,597			10,597	
Financial excise tax	12	12,090			12,090	
Rental and lodging tax	134,	134,545			134,545	
Payment in lieu of taxes	3	2,195			2,195	
Shares/Privilege tax	12,	12,420			12,420	
State shared taxes	17,	17,608			17,608	
Other taxes		579			579	
Miscellaneous	19,	19,831			19,831	
Investment income	117,	117,982	969		118,678	12,203
Gain(loss) on sale of capital assets					0	5,850
Unrealized holding loss on investments	.134,	134,602			134,602	
Total general revenues and transfers	2,252,856	856	696		2,253,552	18,053
Change in net position	388	388,198	119,454		507,652	378,903

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

- 9 -

7,696,818

12,364,551

8,075,721

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12,872,203

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4,034,660

€

8,837,543

\$

3,915,206

8,449,345

Net position at beginning of year

Net position at end of year

# BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

	ļ	General Fund	•	Capital Projects	ļ	Debt Service		Court Fund	<u> </u>	Other Governmental Funds	-	Totals Governmental Funds
ASSETS												
<u>Assets</u> Cash Accounts receivable - taxes Accounts receivable - customers Accounts receivable - grants Interest receivable Interfund receivable Inventory	\$	1,768,583 439,893 58,091 161,692 4,935 14,586 248	\$	11,281	\$		\$	261,531	<del>9</del>	1,555	\$	1,768,583 441,448 58,091 261,531 172,973 4,935 14,586
Prepaid expenses Restricted Assets Cash Investments	ł	61,552 87,861 3,035,995	,	75,512	ŀ	172,992	r T	924 174,824	I	1,362 486,518	1	63,838 997,707 3,035,995
Total Assets \$ 5,633,436 \$ 86,793   LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	s ==	5,633,436 URCES, AND I	FUN .	86,793 D BALANCES	s ∾	172,992	Ś	437,279	<u>م</u>	489,435	€ <del>2</del>	6,819,935
Liabilities Accounts payable Payroll taxes payable Accrued wages Interest payable Interfund payable	\$	29,347 1,398 32,439 146,661	<b>\$</b>	74,129	ا ج	124 940	\$	33,414 1,331 13,161	⇔	2,818 2,412 485	↔	139,708 1,398 36,182 124 161,247
Total Liabilities	ŝ	209,845	\$	74,129	ا ج	1,064	<del>د</del>	47,906	s S	5,715	ا جو	338,659

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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# BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

Totals Governmental Funds	304,583 232,700	537,283	87,861 3,035,995 63,838 248	12,664 171,928 638,107 1,933,352	5,943,993	6,819,935
I	ا جو	ŝ	\$	I	\$	" م
Other Governmental Funds		0	1,362	482,358	483,720	489,435
I	<u>ن</u> م	÷	\$		Ś	 ج
Court Fund	232,700	232,700	924	155,749	156,673	437,279
I	ا بە	ا جو	\$	I	ŝ	ا ج
Debt Service Led)		0		171,928	171,928	172,992
ontin	 ••	 جو	\$	I	ا جو	ا ح
Capital Projects BALANCES (C		0		12,664	12,664	86,793
QND	ا جو	ا ج	<del>نه</del>	I	ا جو	ا ج
General Fund JRCES, AND F	304,583	304,583	87,861 3,035,995 61,552 248	1,933,352	5,119,008	5,633,436
RESO	ا ج	<b>ا</b> جو	ŝ	I	ا م	<b>ا</b> جو
General Capital Capital Capital LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES (Continued)	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - court fines	Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>Fund Balances</u> Nonspendable: Money Market Investments Prepaids Inventory	Restricted for: Capital Projects Debt Service Public Service Unassigned	Total Fund Balances	Total Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$ 5,943,993
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position.	6,060,121
Certain assets are deferred in the fund financial statement because they are not available to pay current- period expenditures, but they are reported as assets in the statement of net position.	452,283
Certain liabilities (such as warrants payable, notes payable, and compensated absences) are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not due and payable, but they are presented as liabilities in the statement of net position.	(3,618,854)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 8,837,543

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

	General Fund	I	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Court Fund	1	Other Governmental Funds	I	Totals Governmental Funds
<u>Revenues</u> Donations	\$ 40.186	\$ <del>9</del> 50		\$	\$	ŝ	2,063	\$	42,249
Fines and charges		0			171,719	61,	7,002		179,481
Fire department income	7,411	1							7,411
Grant income	181,412	5	28,781				17,760		227,953
Investment income	117,637	2	13	22	-	100	208		117,980
Licenses, permits, & franchise fees	556,644	4							556,644
Lot sales and openings/closings							13,500		13,500
Miscellaneous	56,171	1					661		56,970
Park and recreation	4,400	0							4,400
Sanitation services	263,138	~							263,138
Tax revenue	1,921,098	∞l					55,646	1	1,976,744
Total Revenues	3,148,857	~	28,794	22	171,819	618	96,978	I	3,446,470
Expenditures									
Beautification	4,176	9							4,176
Capital expenditures	38,885	5	512,692			759	17,512		569,848
Cemetery							2,366		2,366
Court					190,870	370			190,870
Debt retirement				237,139					237,139
Donations and liberty day	100,688	8							100,688
Fire and rescue	187,514	4							187,514
General government	425,966	9		2,191					428,157
Interest on long-term debt				147,483					147,483
Library							219,202		219,202
Park and recreation	104,179	6							104,179
Police	826,399	ð							826,399
Sanitation	226,586	9							226,586
Senior Center	40,671								40,671
Street	318,256	اور						1	318,256
T 1	062 226 C	ç	513 603	386 813	969 191	679	739 080		3 603 534
1 0121 Experimence	10,017,42	2	11-10-11					1	
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.	of these financial stateme	nts.						•	(Continued)

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## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

Totals Governmental Funds	(157,064)	134,602 1,098,196 1,098,196)	134,602	(22,462)	5,966,455	5,943,993
T. Gover Fr	-				<u>s</u>	<b>\$</b>
Other Governmental Funds	(142,102)	210,802 (22,308)	188,494	46,392	437,328	483,720
Court Fund	(19,810)	(63,112)	(63,112)	(82,922)	239,595	156,673 \$
Debt Service	(386,791)	387,895	387,895	1,104	170,824	171,928 \$
Capital Projects	(483,898)	437,499	437,499	(46,399)	59,063	12,664 \$
General Fund	875,537	134,602 62,000 (1,012,776)	(816,174)	59,363	5,059,645	5,119,008 \$
	Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	Other Financing Sources (Uses) Unrealized/realized loss on investments Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Net change in fund balances	Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	Fund Balance, End of Year

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (22,462)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statement because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of position and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The amount by which capital	
outlays of \$569,848 exceeds depreciation of \$387,770.	182,078
Revenues that are not available to pay current obligations are not reported in this fund financial statement but they are presented as revenues in the statement of activities.	(10,043)
Generally expenditures recognized in this fund's financial statements are limited to only those that use current financial resources but expenses are recognized in statement of activities when they are incurred.	1,486
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	 237,139
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 388,198

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

		Enterprise Funds
	_	Sewer
		Department
ASSETS	_	
Current Assets		
Cash	\$	1,521,423
Accounts receivable - customers, net of allowance		92,388
Interfund receivable		124,685
Inventory		11,074
Prepaid expenses		3,086
Non-current Assets		
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	_	2,296,284
Total Assets	\$ =	4,048,940
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities (payable from current assets)		
Accounts payable	\$	7,334
Accrued wages		2,712
Long-term Liabilities		
Accrued compensated absences	-	4,234
Total Liabilities	_	14,280
Net Position		
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt		2,296,284
Unrestricted	_	1,738,376
Total Net Position	\$ _	4,034,660

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

	E	Interprise Funds
		Sewer
		Department
Operating Revenues		
Service charges and other revenue	\$	619,993
Total Revenues		619,993
Administrative Expenses		
Computer expense		4,185
Dues and subscriptions		701
Legal and accounting		5,014
Office expense		532
Payroll processing fee		921
Postage		2,283
Rental - copier		1,619
Telephone		1,310
Training & travel		1,812
Total Administrative Expenses		18,377
Supply and Distribution Expenses		
Bad debt expense		5,719
Depreciation		173,247
Fees and services		12,234
Gas and oil		6,746
Insurance - employee health		11,286
Insurance - general		4,995
Insurance - workmans comp.		1,519
Payroll taxes		7,223
Professional services		2,904

(Continued)

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

Supply and Distribution Expenses (Continued)	
Pipes, parts, and supplies	9,136
Repairs and maintenance - equipment	4,959
Repairs and maintenance - vehicles	5,975
Repairs and maintenance - system	24,899
Salaries and wages	100,843
Small tools and equipment	1,440
State retirement	7,905
Uniforms	1,655
Utilities	77,808
Water testing and analysis	 22,365
Total Supply and Distribution Expenses	 482,858
Total Expenditures	 501,235
Operating income	 118,758
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Investment earnings	 696
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	 696
Net change in net position	119,454
Net position - beginning of year	 3,915,206
Net position - end of year	\$ 4,034,660

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -<u>PROPRIETARY FUNDS</u> FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

		Sewer
	<u>D</u>	epartment
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Receipts from customers and users	\$	615,394
Payments to employees and related expenses		(124,694)
Payments to suppliers		(205,174)
Net payments to (from) City	_	30,740
Net cash provided by operating activities		316,266
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Payments for capital acquisitions		<u>(78,966</u> )
Net cash used by capital and		
related financing activities		<u>(78,966</u> )
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Interest received	_	<u>696</u>
Net cash provided by investing activities		696
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		237,996
Cash and equivalents, beginning of		1 000 407
year (restricted and nonrestricted)		1,283,427
Cash and equivalents, end of		
year (restricted and nonrestricted)	\$	1,521,423

(Continued)

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

	Sewer
	Department
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash	
Provided by Operating Activities:	
Operating income	\$ <u>118,758</u>
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash	
provided by operating activities:	
Change in allowance for bad debts	5,719
Depreciation	173,247
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
(Increase) decrease:	
Accounts receivable	(4,599)
Inventory	(10,162)
Interfund receivable	30,740
Increase (decrease):	
Accounts payable	(116)
Accrued wages	1,364
Accrued compensated absences	1,315
Total adjustments	197,508
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ <u>316,266</u>

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### History and Organization

The City of Columbiana, Alabama (the City) was incorporated on August 10, 1853. The City operates under a Mayor-Council form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), highway and streets, sanitation, park and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, general and administrative, water and sewer services.

#### **Financial Reporting Entity**

Generally accepted accounting standards (GAAP) require that the entity include the 1) primary government, 2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and 3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The criteria provided in Section 2100 of the GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (Codification) has been considered and any component units are listed below. The City is not a component unit of any other entity. Component units generally are legally separate entities for which a primary government is financially accountable. Financial accountability ordinarily involves meeting the following criteria: 1) the primary government appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the primary government is able to impose its will upon the potential component unit, or there is a possibility that the potential component unit may provide specific financial benefits or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government or 2) the potential component unit is fiscally dependent on the primary government. A potential component unit is considered fiscally dependent if it does not have authority to do all three of the following: 1) determine its own budget without another government having the authority to approve and modify the budget, 2) levy taxes or set rates or charges without approval by another government, and 3) issue bonded debt without approval by another government.

The City, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the City of Columbiana, Alabama. The basic financial statements presented herein do not include agencies which have been formed under applicable state laws or separate and distinct units of government apart from the City of Columbiana, Alabama. There are no separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the City.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

#### **NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

#### Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

Component units are reported in the City's basic financial statements are shown as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Units	Brief Description of Activities and Relationship to the City
City of Columbiana Water Board	The Water Board is a public board incorporated under the
	laws of Alabama and now existing under the provisions of
	the Enabling Law 11-50-230 et. seq. of the Code of
	Alabama 1975, as amended. The Board was incorporated
	pursuant to the authority granted by the governing body of
	the City of Columbiana, Alabama. Under its certificate of
	incorporation, the Board has corporate power to acquire
	and operate the water system and to issue bonds payable
	from the revenues derived there from for any of its
	corporate purposes.

Separate financial statements for the Columbiana Water Board can be obtained at the Water Board's office at 50 Water Works Street, Columbiana, Alabama.

#### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements of the City are composed of the following:

Government-wide financial statements Fund financial statements Notes to the financial statements

**Government-wide Statements:** The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the City) and its component units if applicable. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes are presented as general revenues.

**Fund Financial Statements:** The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units (if applicable). Separate statements for each fund category - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary - are presented if applicable. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements of the City are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The City's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements and applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The City's reporting entity does not apply FASB pronouncements or APB opinions issued after November 30, 1989.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting generally including the reclassification or eliminations of internal activity (between or within funds). However, internal eliminations do not include utility services provided to City departments, if applicable. Reimbursements are reported as reductions to expenses. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax revenues are recognized in the year for which they are levied while grants are recognized when grantor eligibility requirements are met.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Major revenue sources susceptible to accrual include: sales and use tax, property taxes, franchise taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and investment income. In general, other revenues are recognized when cash is received.

Operating income reported in proprietary fund financial statements includes revenues and expenses related to the primary, continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

The City does not currently employ an indirect cost allocation system.

Fund Types and Major Funds

#### **Governmental Funds**

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - to account for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. This is the City's primary operating fund.

Court Fund - to account for financial resources of the activities associated with collecting revenues from traffic fines in accordance with the laws of the State of Alabama.

Debt Service Fund - to account for the payment of principal, interest and commission to fiscal agents on the City's general obligation bonds and warrants.

Capital Projects Fund - to account for the construction and acquisition of various capital asset projects.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Sewer Department - accounts for the activities of the City's sewer utilities services.

(Continued)

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Other Fund Types**

The City reports the following additional fund types:

Special Revenue Funds - to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trust, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The City at September 30, 2014 had no internal service funds or agency funds.

#### Cash and Equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Restricted assets are considered to be cash equivalents.

In its 2000 Regular Session, the Alabama State Legislature enacted the Security for Alabama Funds Enhancement (SAFE) Program (Title 41, Chapter 14A, Code of Alabama 1975, as amended) that changes the way all Alabama public deposits are collateralized. Public deposits include the funds of any covered public entity or covered public official placed in deposit in a qualified depository, including time and demand deposit accounts and certificates of deposit, but excluding bonds, notes, money market mutual funds, repurchase agreements, and similar investment instruments. Covered public entities include the state and its political subdivisions. In the past, the bank pledged collateral directly to each public entity. Under SAFE, which required mandatory participation, each qualified public depository (QPD) is required to hold collateral for all of its public deposits on a pooled basis in a custody account (SAFE Custody Account) established for the State Treasurer as SAFE administrator. In the unlikely event a public entity should suffer a deposit loss due to QPD insolvency or default, a claim form would be filed with the State Treasurer, who would use the SAFE pool collateral or other means to reimburse the loss.

At September 30, 2014 the carrying amount of the City of Columbiana, Alabama's deposits (cash and certificates of deposits) was \$4,287,713 and the bank balance was \$4,443,473. Of the bank balance \$666,249 was covered by either federal depository insurance or federal savings and loan insurance. Deposits with Alabama financial institutions that are in excess of FDIC insurance are secured under the Security for Alabama Funds Enhancement Act (SAFE Program). Alabama public funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the Alabama State Treasury. The City had \$3,689,363 of Category 1 deposits covered by the SAFE Program at September 30, 2014 and \$87,861 of Category 3 unsecured and uncollateralized cash, which was deposited into money market accounts.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Investments

The City's investments are reported at fair value in accordance with GASB Standards. The City is allowed to invest in (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (2) direct obligations of the State of Alabama or its agencies; (3) other obligations, the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Alabama or the United States; (4) certificates of deposits issued by state and national banks domiciled in Alabama that are guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or its successor, or secured by obligations mentioned above. The City's investments consist of certificates of deposits, Federal National Mortgage Association Certificates, Governmental National Mortgage Association Debentures, and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation debentures. These securities are held by Ameriprise Financial as agent for the City.

#### Inventory

Inventory consists of primarily supplies valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market value. The consumption method is used to account for inventories. Under the consumption method, inventories are recorded as expenditures on acquisition and significant inventories on hand at year-end are reflected as assets.

#### Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for goods or services that will benefit beyond September 30, 2014 are reported as prepaid items. These prepayments are recognized as expenses ratably over the related underlying period.

#### Restricted Assets

Certain assets of the City have been restricted due to state regulations, debt service obligations, and warrant agreements. These assets consist of cash, investments, and accounts receivable as follows:

Cash - debt service	\$	172,992
Cash - capital projects		75,512
General fund - Money market - sale of gas department		87,861
General fund - Investments - sale of gas department		3,035,995
Special revenue - Cash - various	_	661,342
Total Restricted Assets	\$	4,033,702

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

(Continued)

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Amortization

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$500 and have an estimated useful life in excess of three years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets.

Capital assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method in the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation is charged as an expense against operations and accumulated depreciation is reported on the statement of net position. The range of estimated useful lives used for depreciation purposes for each capital asset class are as follows:

Automotive and automotive equipment	5-7 years
Building and building improvements	29-50 years
Infrastructure	40-60 years
Land improvements	15-20 years
Machinery and equipment	7-10 years
Office furniture and equipment	5-7 years
Park and recreation equipment	5-10 years

#### Compensated Absences

For vacation and other compensated absences with similar characteristics, Governmental Accounting Standards requires the accrual of a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees if both of the following conditions are met:

- a. The employees' right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered.
- b. It is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Compensated Absences (Continued)

An accrual for earned sick leave should be made only to the extent it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments, rather than be taken as absences due to illness or other contingencies, such as medical appointments and funerals.

Full-time employees are provided vacation (annual) leave as follows:

After one year employment	40 hours
After three years employment	80 hours
After seven years employment	120 hours

Annual leave must be taken by the anniversary date of employment or forfeited. It cannot be accumulated and an employee cannot be paid for annual leave in lieu of time off. Unused leave is paid upon termination of employment. At September 30, 2014 the City has recorded a liability of \$23,002 for accrued vacation leave.

Sick leave is earned by full time employees beginning on the first day of the month after their employment date at a rate of 8 hours per month. Sick leave can be accumulated up to 720 hours. Upon termination, sick leave is canceled and no compensation is paid. Because employees do not receive compensation for unused sick leave at termination, no liability is recorded on these financial statements.

Compensatory time may be earned by eligible employees at the applicable rate and accumulated up to 40 hours.

#### Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Warrant premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Warrants payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount. Warrant issue costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the City will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of recourses until then. The City did not have any items that qualified for reporting in this category for the year ended September 30, 2014.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the City will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time. The City had the following items that qualified for reporting in this category for the year ended September 30, 2014.

Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - court fines	\$ 304,583 232,700
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$ 537,283

#### Net Position

In accordance with GASB Standards, the City classified net position into three components - invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. The classifications are defined as follows:

<u>Invested in capital assets, net of related debt</u> - This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of invested in capital assets, net of related debt. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.

<u>Restricted net position</u> - This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> - This component of net position consist of net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

(Continued)

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

**Nonspendable** - The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes any long-term amount of interfund loans.

**Restricted** - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by laws through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the City can be compelled by an external party, such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary, to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

**Committed** - The committed fund balance classification includes the amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinances or resolution) of the City Council. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classifications may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by City Council, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints are not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

**Assigned** - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classifications are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or not committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by City Council or a City official delegated that authority by City Charter or ordinance.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Fund Balance (Continued)

**Unassigned** - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amount had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classification could be used.

#### Interfund Transactions

During the normal operations the City has numerous transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services, construct assets, and service debt. The accompanying financial statements reflect these transactions as transfers.

#### Interfund Balances

During the course of operation, transactions occur which result in amounts owed to a particular fund by another fund, other than for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are due within a year and are classified as "Interfund receivable/Interfund payable".

#### Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An operating budget is adopted each year for the general fund.

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. The Finance Committee submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. The budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- c. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

- d. Budgets are adopted on the cash basis of accounting.
- e. Excess appropriations at the end of the fiscal year lapse.

Budgeted amounts reported in the financial statements are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Council. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations that were approved. Budgets are not prepared or adopted in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgeted expenditures/expenses include encumbrances.

#### Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting - under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation - is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on October 1 and are due and payable at that time. All unpaid taxes levied October 1 become delinquent January 1, of the year. Delinquent taxes are considered fully collectible and therefore no allowance for uncollectible taxes is provided.

In accordance with current professional standards as promulgated by *Governmental Accounting Standards Board* (GASB-33), the City reports property taxes when an enforceable claim has arisen or when resources are received, whichever is first. Consequently, property taxes in the amount of \$304,583 received after September 30, 2014 has been recorded as deferred revenue in the fund financial statements.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

"Total fund balances" of the City's governmental funds of \$5,943,993 differs from "net position" of governmental activities of \$8,837,543 reported in the statement of net position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the statement of net position versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheets. The following illustrates the differences:

<u>Capital Related Items</u> - When capital assets (property, plant, equipment, etc.) that are used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the cost of those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of net position includes those capital assets as assets of the City as a whole.

Governmental capital assets Less: Depreciation expense to date		11,988,595 (5,928,474)
	\$_	6,060,121

<u>Long-term liabilities</u> - Long-term liabilities, including warrants payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

Notes payable	\$	195,953
Warrants payable Long-term portion of fines payable to other agencies		3,360,000 44,133
Accrued compensated absences	_	18,768
Total	\$_	3,618,854

<u>Other long-term receivables</u> - Certain receivables are not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

Property tax receivable	\$ 304,583
Court fines Allowance for court fines	232,700 (85,000)
Allowance for court filles	 (85,000)
Total	\$ 452,283

(Continued)

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The "net change in fund balances" for governmental funds of (22,462) differs from the "change in net position" for governmental activities of (225,042) reported in the statement of activities. The differences primarily arise from the long-term economic focus of the statement of activities versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds. The following illustrates the difference:

<u>Capital Related Items</u> - When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. As a result, fund balances decreases by the amount of financial resources expended, whereas net position decrease by the amount of depreciation expense charged for the year.

Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 569,848 (387,770)
	\$ 182,078

<u>Long-term Debt Transactions</u> - Repayment of long-term debt, including notes payable and warrants payable, consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. For the City as a whole, however, the principal payments reduce the liabilities in the statement of net position and do not result in an expense in the statement of activities.

Principal payments on notes payable Principal payments on warrants payable	112,139 125,000
Total	\$ 237,139

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances the Government-wide Statement of Activities (Continued)

<u>Other Items</u> - Certain income that is not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore is not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.

Property tax not meeting available criteria Court fines not meeting available criteria	\$ 3,699 (13,742)
Total	\$ (10,043)

<u>Other Items</u> - Expenditures that are not considered current period expenditures and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:

Accounts payable - court fines Change in accrued compensated absences	\$ 2,053 (567)
Total	\$ 1,486

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

#### GASB Statement No. 65:

In March 2012, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. This Statement, effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2012, reclassifies certain items currently being reported as assets and liabilities as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, as well as recognizes certain items currently being reported as assets and liabilities as outflows of resources and inflows of resources. This Statement also provides financial reporting guidance related to the impact of the financial statement elements deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, such as changes in the determination of the major fund calculations and limiting the use of the term deferred in financial statement presentation. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 65 will require the City to retroactively recognize bond issuance costs as outflows of resources and related amortization items.

(Continued)

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

#### GASB Statement No. 65 (Continued):

For fiscal year ended September 30, 2014, the City made prior period adjustments due to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 65, which required the restatement of prior year ending net position. The result was a decrease of net position at September 30, 2013 of \$187,657. This change is in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Net Position, September 30, 2013 as previously reported	\$ 8,637,002
Reclassification of Bond Issuance Costs	 (187,657)
Net Position, September 30, 2013 restated	\$ 8,449,345

#### GASB Statement No. 68:

In June 2012, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This Statement, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2014 requires governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their long-term obligation for pension benefits as a liability for the first time, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. The Statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised and new note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI). The City is currently evaluating the financial statement impact of adopting this Statement.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

### NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

As of September 30, 2014 the City had the following cash and investments:

### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents Certificates of deposit			\$ 3,786,753 500,960
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents			\$ <u>4,287,713</u>
Investments		Standard & Poor's <u>Bond Rating</u>	Fair Market Value
U.S. Government Agencies:			
Federal National Mortgage Association Federal National Mortgage Association Federal Home Loan Mortgage Company Government National Mortgage Association Government National Mortgage Association	Matures 12/01/2025 Matures 12/01/2025 Matures 03/25/2033 Matures 10/20/2042 Matures 10/20/2032 Matures 09/20/2040 Matures 06/20/2041 Matures 06/20/2041 Matures 03/16/2042 Matures 07/20/2042 Matures 12/20/2042 Matures 04/16/2043	AA+ AA+ AA+ AA+ AA+ AA+ AA+ AA+ AA+ AA+	\$ 30,170 720,524 863 101,359 526,844 149,483 32,541 68,837 778,816 185,605 149,037 95,759
Long-Term Certificate of Deposits:			
GE Capital Retail Bank GE Capital Retail Bank	Matures 05/18/2022 Matures 05/25/2022	FDIC FDIC	98,087 98,070
Total Investments			\$ <u>3,035,995</u>

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

### NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

### Credit Risk

The City's investment policy allows investment in (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (2) direct obligations of the State of Alabama or its agencies; (3) other obligations, the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Alabama or the United States; (4) certificates of deposits issued by state and national banks domiciled in Alabama that are guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or its successor, or secured by obligations mentioned above. The City's investments consist of certificates of deposits and Federal National Mortgage Association Certificates and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation debentures. Investments in U.S. government securities must be rated by Standard and Poor's or Moody's Investment Services as one of their four highest rated categories.

### Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

### Concentration Credit Risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits the amount invested into certain types of investments as a means of managing its exposure to losses arising from over concentration in certain types of investments.

### Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. In regards to investments, the City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of September 30, 2014, the City had \$87,861 in cash and cash equivalents, which was held in money market accounts and \$3,035,995 held in investments exposed to custodial credit risk as Category 3 unsecured and uncollateralized deposits.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

### NOTE 3: ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The following details the descriptions and amounts of various accounts receivable for the City on the statement of net position:

### Governmental Activities:

<u>Governmental Activities.</u>	Less Allowance for Doubtful Amount Accounts Total
Accounts receivable - taxes Accounts receivable - sanitation services Accounts receivable - court fines Accounts receivable - grants	\$ 441,448 \$   \$ 441,448     73,312   (15,221)   58,091     261,531   (85,000)   176,531     172,973   172,973
Total Accounts Receivable	\$ <u>949,264</u> \$ <u>(100,221</u> )\$ <u>849,043</u>
Business-Type Activities:	Sewer
Accounts receivable - customer Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 113,543 (21,155)
Accounts receivable - customers net of allowance	\$ <u>92,388</u>

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

### NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets follows:

Governmental Activities		Balance 10/01/13	Additions	Deletions	Balance 9/30/14
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$	1,148,474 \$		s s	1,148,474
Construction in progress	Ψ	285,099	343,655	<u>(91,055</u> )	537,699
1 0	-				
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	_	1,433,573	343,655	<u>(91,055</u> )	1,686,173
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Autos and trucks and equipment		1,803,700	136,923		1,940,623
Buildings and building improvements		1,492,720	108,558		1,601,278
Computer equipment		170,934	15,742		186,676
Infrastructure		3,520,654	13,665		3,534,319
Land improvements		21,240	7,092		28,332
Machinery and equipment		1,039,912	33,168		1,073,080
Office furniture and equipment		155,082	2,101		157,183
Park improvements		1,649,499	,		1,649,499
Park and recreation equipment	_	131,432	<u> </u>		131,432
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	9,985,173	317,249	0	10,302,422
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Autos and trucks and equipment		1,535,519	111,134		1,646,653
Buildings and building improvements		851,443	38,518		889,961
Computer equipment		141,158	11,029		152,187
Infrastructure		667,793	88,655		756,448
Land improvements		7,307	593		7,900
Machinery and equipment		942,876	28,237		971,113
Office furniture and equipment		150,268	1,074		151,342
Park improvements		1,128,247	99,386		1,227,633
Park and recreation equipment	-	116,093	9,144	·	125,237
Total accumulated depreciation	_	5,540,704	387,770	0	5,928,474

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

### NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Governmental Activities (Continued)	Balance 10/01/13	Additions	Deletions	Balance 9/30/14
Total capital assets, being depreciated net	4,444,469	(70,521)	0	4,373,948
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ <u>5,878,042</u> \$	273,134 \$	(91,055)\$	6,060,121

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

Beautification	\$ 577
Cemetery	13,483
Court	2,155
Fire and rescue	48,793
General government	12,824
Library	3,422
Park and recreation	118,934
Police department	59,413
Sanitation	21,065
Senior center	2,013
Street	 105,091
	\$ 387,770

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

### NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Business-Type Activities	Balance 10/01/13	Additions	Deletions	Balance 9/30/14
Sewer Department				
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Autos and trucks	49,386	61,056		110,442
Machinery and equipment	169,969	14,151		184,120
Office furniture and equipment	3,472			3,472
Sewer system and lines		3,759		5,139,169
Total capital assets being depreciated	5,358,237	78,966	0	5,437,203
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Autos and trucks	32,619	7,707		40,326
Machinery and equipment	151,560	5,120		156,680
Office furniture and equipment	2,392	279		2,671
Sewer system and lines	2,781,101	160,141	. <u> </u>	2,941,242
Total accumulated depreciation	2,967,672	173,247	0	3,140,919
Total capital assets, being depreciated net	2,390,565	(94,281)	0	2,296,284
Business-Type activities capital assets, net	\$ <u>2,390,565</u> \$	<u>(94,281</u> )\$	<u>    0</u> \$	2,296,284

	Due Within One Year	\$ 115.888			
	Balance 9/30/14	\$ 195,953	(115,888)	\$ 80,065	Totals \$ 120,539 81,049
	Reductions	\$ (112.139)			Interest \$ 4,651 984
	Additions	\$	Less: current maturities		Principal \$ 115,888 80.065
	Balance 10/01/13	\$ 308.092	Less: cı		
NOTE 5: LONG-TERM NOTES PAYABLE		Note payable to Renasant Bank principal sum of \$697,274 with a 3.25% interest rate. The note is payable in 77 installments of \$10,045.00, with the final installment due May 2016. The note is secured by full faith and credit of the City.			Maturities of notes payable are as follows: Year Ended <u>September 30,</u> 2015 2016

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

\$ 201.588

5,635

ξ

\$ 195,953

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

# **NOTE 6: GENERAL OBLIGATION WARRANTS**

Due Within One Year	\$ 20,000	110.000	\$ 130,000	
Balance 9/30/14	(15,000) \$ 3,130,000	230,000	3,360,000	(130,000)
Reductions	\$ (15,000) \$	(110.000)	\$ (125,00 <u>0</u> )	
Additions	∽		\$ O	Less: current maturities
Balance 10/01/13	\$ 3,145,000	340,000	\$ 3,485,000	Less: cu
	General Obligation Warrants, Series 2007, payable annually on February 1, with interest payments on February 1, and August 1, maturing on February 1, 2032. The bond is secured by the full faith and credit of the City.	General Obligation Warrants, Series 2002, payable annually on February 1, with interest payments on February 1, and August 1, maturing on February 1, 2016. The bond is secured by the full faith and credit of the City.		

(Continued)

\$ 3.230.000

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

# NOTE 6: GENERAL OBLIGATION WARRANTS (Continued)

Maturities of general obligation warrants payable are as follows:

-	Interest Totals	∽			115,425 265,425					\$ <u>1,360,071</u>
- - (	Principal	\$ 130,000	140,000	145,000	150,000	155,000	855,000	1,050,000	735,000	\$ <u>3.360,000</u>
Year Ended	September 30.	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020-2024	2025-2029	2030-2032	

### 2007 General Obligation Bonds

4.125% to advance refund \$2,980,000 of outstanding 2002 Series bonds. The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$149,156. The difference, On March 1, 2007, the City issued \$4,185,000 in General Obligation Bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.700% to reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deduction from bonds payable, was charged to operations through the year 2012 using the straight-line method. As a result of the current refunding, the Board decreased its total debt service requirements in relation to the Series 2002 Bonds in the amount of \$666,068 which results in an economic gain of \$356,120 (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt)

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

### NOTE 7: PENSION PLAN

The City contributes to the Employees' Retirement System of Alabama, an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system, that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for the various state agencies and departments.

Substantially all employees are members of the Employees' Retirement System of Alabama. Membership is mandatory for covered or eligible employees of the City. Benefits vest after 10 years of creditable service. Vested employees may retire with full benefits at age 60 or after 25 years of service. Retirement benefits are calculated by two methods with the retiree receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. The methods are (1) Minimum Guaranteed, and (2) Formula, of which the Formula method usually produces the highest monthly benefit. Under this method retirees are allowed 2.0125% of their annual salary (best three of the last ten years) for each year of service. Disability retirement benefits are calculated in the same manner. Pre-retirement death benefits in the amount of the annual salary for the fiscal year preceding death is provided to plan members.

The Employees' Retirement System was established as of October 1, 1945, under the provisions of Act 515, Acts of Alabama, 1945, for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other specified benefits for State employees, State police, and on an elective basis to all cities, counties, City's, and quasipublic organizations. The responsibility for general administrative and operation of the Employees' Retirement System is vested in the Board of Control. Benefit provisions are established by the Code of Alabama 1975, Sections 36-27-1 through 36-27-103, as amended, Sections 36-27-120 through 36-27-139, as amended, and Sections 36-27B-1 through 36-27B-6. Authority to amend the plan rests with the Legislature of Alabama. However, the Legislature has granted the Commission authority to accept or reject various Cost-of-Living-Adjustments (COLAs) granted to retirees.

The Retirement Systems of Alabama issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Employees' Retirement System of Alabama. That report may be obtained by writing to The Retirement Systems of Alabama, 201 South Union Street, Montgomery, Alabama 36130-2150.

Information concerning covered salaries, actuarially determined contribution requirements and amounts contributed are as follows:

\$ 467,224
382,237
128,915
\$ <u>978,376</u>
\$ <u>1,367,064</u>

(Continued)

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

### NOTE 7: PENSION PLAN (Continued)

### **Contributions**

City - 5% Employees City - 6 % Employees City - Tier II 6% Employees City - Tier II 7% Employees	\$ 38,079 31,152 7,542
Total City Contributions	\$ <u>76,773</u>
Employees - 5% Employees Employees - 6% Employees Employees - Tier II 6% Employees Employees - Tier II 7% Employees	\$ 23,361 22,934 7,735
Total Employee Contributions	\$ <u>54,030</u>
Actuarially Determined Contribution Rates	
City - 5% Employees	<u>8.15</u> %
City - 6% Employees	<u>8.15</u> %
City - Tier II 6% Employees	<u> </u>
City - Tier II 7% Employees	5.85 %
Employees - 5% Employees	5.00 %
Employees - 6% Employees	<u> </u>
Employees - Tier II - 6% Employees	6.00 %
Employees - Tier II - 7% Employees	<u> </u>

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

### NOTE 7: PENSION PLAN (Continued)

### Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Salaries

City - 5% Employees	\$	<u>8.15</u> %
City - 6% Employees		8.15 %
City - Tier II 6% Employees		<u>5.85</u> %
City - Tier II 7% Employees	10 B. B. B.	<u>5.85</u> %
Employees - 5% Employees		<u>5.00</u> %
Employees - 6% Employees		<u>6.00</u> %
Employees - Tier II 6% Employees		<u>   6.00</u> %
Employees - Tier II 7% Employees	······································	<u>7.00</u> %

The pension benefit obligation is the actuarial present value of credited projected benefits, a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits, adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases, estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date. At September 30, 2013, the pension benefit obligation and net assets available for benefit are as follows:

Pension benefit obligation Net assets available for benefits	2,975,406 2,415,712
Net Pension Benefit Obligation	\$ 559,694

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

### NOTE 7: PENSION PLAN (Continued)

### Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Assets	 Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	 Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of <u>Covered Payroll</u>
9/30/11	\$ 2,267,772	\$ 2,905,309	\$ (637,537)	\$ 916,365	69.6%
9/30/12	\$ 2,284,489	\$ 2,846,852	\$ (562,363)	826,865	68.0%
9/30/13	\$ 2,415,712	\$ 2,975,406	\$ (559,694)	941,642	59.4%

Market value of assets as of September 30, 2013 was \$2,532,480.

### Actuarial Information

Valuation date	9/30/2013
Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percent open
Remaining amortization period	28 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	8.00%
Projected salary increases	3.75 - 7.25%
Includes inflation at	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments	None

### **Trend Information**

Fiscal Year Ending	I	Annual Pension ost (APC)	Percentage of APC <u>Contributed</u>	Net Pension igation (NPC	<u>))</u>
9/30/11	\$	48,256	100%	\$ 0	
9/30/12	\$	52,393	100%	\$ 0	
9/30/13	\$	60,543	100%	\$ 0	

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

### **NOTE 8: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

### **Risk Financing**

The City of Columbiana, Alabama is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. These risks have been covered by commercial insurance coverage for the past three years. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior fiscal year.

### Federal Grants

In the normal course of operations, the City receives funds from various federal and state agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

### NOTE 9: SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION

### Cash and Equivalents

Current Assets - cash - Sewer Department	\$ <u>1,521,4</u>	<u>23</u>
Total Cash and Equivalents Per Combined Statement of Cash Flows	\$ <u>1,521,4</u> 2	<u>23</u>
Interest Paid		
Total interest paid on debt	\$	0
Total interest expensed	\$ <u></u>	0
Total interest capitalized	\$	0

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

### NOTE 10: LIBRARY STATE AID

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014, the City received grants from the State Public Library System which are reported as follows:

Receipts:

Reported in grant program revenues	\$ 3,451
Expenditures:	
Reported in Library expenditures books, magazines, audio tapes	3,580
Net activity	\$ <u>(129</u> )

### NOTE 11: SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

### Senior Center

The City entered into a contract with Lathan & Associates Architects P.C. to provide architectural services in relation to the construction of the Senior Center. The amount of the contract was \$46,200. As of September 30 the City had incurred cost of \$-0-, leaving a remaining commitment of \$46,200.

The City entered into a contract with Douglas Built, LLC for construction of the Senior Center. The contract amount was \$565,877. As of September 30, 2014 the construction phase had not commenced and the City had not incurred any costs, leaving the full contract as the remaining commitment.

The City applied for and accepted an Alabama Department of Economic and Community Affairs (ADECA) grant in the amount of \$250,000. In addition, the City had local grants and contributions to meet matching requirements of \$433,000. The City entered into a contract with Community Consulting Services for assistance in monitoring and reporting on the ADECA grant. The amount of the contract was for \$36,270. As of September 30, 2014 the City had incurred costs of \$5,000, leaving a remaining commitment of \$31,270.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

### NOTE 11: SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS (Continued)

### Sidewalk Project

The City entered into a contract with Gresham Smith and Partners to provide engineering services for the Pitts Dr and Washington Street sidewalk project. The contract amount was \$45,000. As of September 30, 2014 the City had incurred costs of \$14,873, leaving a remaining commitment of \$30,127.

The City entered into a contract with Gillespie Construction, LLC for construction of sidewalks along CR-47, Pitts Dr and Washington Street. The contract amount was \$298,025. As of September 30, 2014 the City had incurred costs of \$168,188, leaving a remaining commitment of \$129,837.

### NOTE 12: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through February 11, 2015, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, for events requiring recording or disclosure in financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2014. No items requiring recording or disclosure were noted.

The following is a schedule of re-	ceivables/payables between the variou	The following is a schedule of receivables/payables between the various individual funds during the year ended September 30, 2014:	er 30, 2014:
Due to Fund	Due from Fund	Purpose	Amount
General Fund	Debt Service Fund	The General Fund paid expenses on behalf of Debt Service fund.	\$ 940
Sewer Department	General Fund	The amount due from General Fund to the Sewer Department is for the 1% sales tax collections.	124,685
Water Board - Component Unit	General Fund	The utility account was previously used for all collections. The balance due to Water Board is from previous years under allocation.	21,976
General Fund	Cemetery	The Cemetery Fund owes General Fund for expenses paid on its behalf.	485
General Fund	Court	The General Fund paid expenses on behalf of the Court Fund.	13,161
Total Interfund Receivables/Payables	les/Payables		\$ 161,247

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

NOTE 13: SCHEDULE OF INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

following is a schedule of tr	ansfers between the various individu	The following is a schedule of transfers between the various individual funds during the year ended September 30, 2014:		
	Iransfer to Fund Debt Service	Purpose of Transfers The General Fund makes monthly transfers to the Debt Service Fund to make the monthly required debt payments.	Amount \$ 387,8	nount 387,895
	Capital Projects	The General Fund made various transfers to the Capital Project Fund for its portion of capital expenditures.	41	414,078
	Capital Projects	The Cemetery Fund made various transfer to the Capital Project Fund for its portion of capital expenditures.	И	22,308
	General Fund	The Court Fund made various transfers to the General Fund for its portion of court fines.	Q	62,000
	Cemetery	The Court made a one time transfer to the Cemetery Fund.		1,113
	Library Board	The General Fund makes transfers as needed to the Library Board to cover operational costs.	21	210,802
Total Transfers			\$ 1,098,196	8,196

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

**CITY OF COLUMBIANA, ALABAMA** 

# **NOTE 14: SCHEDULE OF TRANSFERS**

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### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

### NOTE 15: SENIOR CENTER OPERATIONS:

The City entered into a cooperative working relationship with the Alabama Middle Area Agency on Aging (M4A) to enhance the provision of nutrition and other services to eligible seniors in the City of Columbiana. Services are provided at no cost to the participants; however, donations are accepted. The following schedule summarizes the sources of funds and expenses of the Senior Center operations for the year ended September 30, 2014.

Sources of Funds		
Salary reimbursements from M4A	\$	9,397
Grant income		2,000
Donations from participants	<b></b>	4,307
Total funds available	\$	15,704
Expenditures		
Wages and salaries	\$	19,027
Payroll taxes and employee benefits		2,311
Operational grant expenditures		1,605
Janitorial, supplies, and repairs		2,015
Office expenses		107
Utilities		6,193
Miscellaneous		5,371
Insurance		285
Donations transmitted to M4A		3,757
Total expenditures	\$	40,671

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MAJOR FUNDS: GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues					
Donations	\$	39,000	\$ 39,000	\$ 40,186	\$ 1,186
Fines and charges		1,650	1,650	760	(890)
Fire department income		6,100	6,100	7,411	1,311
Grant income		18,500	18,500	134,342	115,842
Investment income		123,000	123,000	118,662	(4,338)
Licenses and permits		555,000	555,000	556,644	1,644
Miscellaneous		43,250	43,250	56,171	12,921
Park and recreation fees		13,000	13,000	4,400	(8,600)
Sanitation services		275,500	275,500	264,324	(11,176)
Tax revenue		1,908,650	1,908,650	1,913,970	5,320
Total Revenues		2,983,650	2,983,650	3,096,870	113,220
Expenditures					
Beautification				4,176	(4,176)
Capital expenditures				38,885	(38,885)
Donations and liberty day		106,800	106,800	100,688	6,112
Fire and rescue		203,310	203,310	187,897	15,413
General government		474,800	474,800	432,279	42,521
Park and recreation		122,550	122,550	104,179	18,371
Police		769,350	769,350	820,181	(50,831)
Sanitation		217,700	217,700	225,523	(7,823)
Senior center		42,930	42,930	40,465	2,465
Street		369,700	369,700	316,632	53,068
Total Expenditures		2,307,140	2,307,140	2,270,905	36,235
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		676,510	676,510	825,965	149,455
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating transfers in		64,500	64,500	62,000	(2,500)
Operating transfers out		(922,150)	(922,150)	(1,012,776)	(90,626)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(857,650)	(857,650)	(950,776)	(93,126)
Excess of Revenue and Other Sources					
over (under) Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	(181,140)	\$ (181,140)	(124,811)	\$ 56,329
Fund balance, beginning (Non-GAAP budg	etary b	asis)		5,059,645	
Fund balance, ending (Non-GAAP budgetar	y basi	s)		4,934,834	
Adjustments to Generally Accepted Accounting Print	nciples	1			
Unrealized gain on investments				134,602	
Revenue and transfer accruals				51,987	
Expenditure and transfer accruals				(2,415)	
Fund balance, ending (GAAP basis)				\$ 5,119,008	

NOTE: The City is not legally required to adopt a budget for the Debt Service, Capital Projects, Court or Sewer Funds.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### <u>COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -</u> <u>NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS</u> <u>SEPTEMBER 30, 2014</u>

	_	4 &5 Cents Gas Tax	2 & 7 Cents Gas Tax
ASSETS			
Assets			
Accounts receivable - taxes	\$	697	\$ 858
Prepaid expense			
Restricted Assets			
Cash		22,535	27,582
Total Assets	\$	23,232	\$ 28,440
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Accounts payable	\$		\$
Accrued wages			
Interfund payable	-		
Total Liabilities	-	0	0
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable:			
Prepaids			
Restricted for public services	-	23,232	28,440
Total Fund Balances	-	23,232	28,440
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$_	23,232	\$ 28,440

### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

State Capital Improvements	Library	Cemetery	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	\$	\$	\$ 1,555
	1,362		1,362
198,766	66,440	171,195	486,518
\$ 198,766	\$ 67,802	\$ 171,195	\$ 489,435
\$	\$ 2,818	\$	\$ 2,818
	2,412	495	2,412
<u></u>		485	485
0	5,230	485	5,715
	1,362		1,362
198,766	61,210	170,710	482,358
198,766	62,572	170,710	483,720
\$ 198,766	\$ 67,802	\$ 171,195	\$ 489,435

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

		4 &5 Cents Gas Tax	2 & 7 Cents Gas Tax
Revenues		······	
Donations	\$		\$
Fines and charges			
Grant income			
Investment income		4	5
Lot sales and openings/closings			
Miscellaneous			
Shared taxes		7,733	9,875
Total Revenue		7,737	9,880
Expenditures			
Capital expeditures			
Cemetery			
Library			
Street			
Total Expenditures		0	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Operating transfers in			
Operating transfers out			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0	0
Net change in fund balances		7,737	9,880
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	,	15,495	18,560
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	23,232	\$ 28,440

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

	State Capital Improvements		Library		Cemetery		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$		\$	1,963	\$	100	\$	2,063
Ť		•	7,002	•		Ŧ	7,002
			17,760				17,760
	90		24		85		208
			-		13,500		13,500
			799		,		799
	38,038						55,646
	38,128		27,548		13,685		96,978
	7,568		9,944		2,366		17,512 2,366
			219,202		_,		219,202
	7,568		229,146		2,366		239,080
			210,802				210,802
					(22,308)		(22,308)
	0		210,802		(22,308)		188,494
	30,560		9,204		(10,989)		46,392
	168,206		53,368		181,699		437,328
\$	198,766	\$	62,572	\$	170,710	\$	483,720